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VOL. 16 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1892. NO. 71

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WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

SHATTERED BY DYNAMITE

Terrific Explosion of the Destructive Material on Douglas Street.

Miraculous Escape of Foreman John Picardi, Several Workmen and Others.

Glass Shattered to the Extent of $1000 in all the Surrounding Buildings.

This morning at 11:30 some sticks of dynamite which were being warmed for use in the sewerage works on Douglas street near the corner of View, exploded, painfully injuring John Picardi one of the foremen of the works, and breaking about $1000 worth of glass in the neighboring blocks.

The explosion of dynamite which startled the whole city this morning occurred directly opposite and close to the carpenter shop occupied by Mr. McKenzie, corner of View and Douglas streets. At the edge of the sidewalk there are a number of empty cement barrels, a large tool box and several heaps of sand, gravel and other material used in sewer construction are deposited. Every morning for the past three months foreman John Picardi has been accustomed to prepare the dynamite, or giant powder, for the day's blasting. Dynamite, as is well known, freezes at a very high temperature, and even in the mild weather now being experienced here the stuff stiffens to such a degree as to require "cooking" to get the full extent of its strength out of it. Picardi softened the dynamite in hot water in a receptacle under which a fire was placed. This morning he had three sticks in course of preparation to load the holes for this day's blasting, and after taking them from the hot water put them in an old cement barrel. By some means the barrel caught fire in the inside and was soon blazing freely. Picardi became alarmed and approaching the barrel threw several handfuls of gravel into it to quench the flames. Then he turned to run, but had scarcely gone five yards when a tremendous roar was heard, accompanied by a concussion that shook the ground in the neighborhood and filled the air with dust, gravel and wood splinters. Picardi was thrown upon his hands and knees. His trouser legs from the feet to the middle of the thighs were rent into ribbons, his vest was torn to tatters and his hat literally blown to atoms. He was bleeding from innumerable scratches on the face, hands and arms and rushed across to the office of Drs. Hall and Leitch. The latter was fortunately in his office and at once stanuched the flow of blood from Picardi's wounds. A hack was then called and the unfortunate man driven quickly to the Jubilee hospital, where, at last accounts he was getting along nicely. A number of pebbles and splinters were blown into his legs and arms which were also severely scorched when the flame shot out of the barrel in his direction. He was the only man injured, although several workmen and others were dangerously near when the explosion occurred.

Simultaneously with the explosion windows in every direction in proximity to the scene were smashed into small fragments. The Turner block was the severest sufferer, and spectators say the broken glass falling from the front of the building to the sidewalk resembled a waterfall for a moment and presented a very pretty appearance. All the windows which were in any way loose in their frames succumbed to the air pressure. Most of those in the Turner block immediately opposite the explosion, gave way. The two splendid plate glass windows, on the Douglas street side, of the Cafe Royal were driven in with a great crash. Fanlights especially suffered severely, nearly every one of those in the Turner and Driard blocks being shivered. Over 20 lights are broken in the Turner, 14 or 15 in the Driard, 10 or 12 in the Kirk, half a dozen in the Jewell. Even at the foot of View street the glass suffered.

From every street and alley leading to the scene of the explosion there poured crowds rushing to see what damage had been done, and in a few moments the street was crowded from sidewalk to sidewalk with a swaying, clamorous crowd demanding news of the affair. The police had difficulty in keeping the sidewalk clear for the workmen cleaning away the debris.

Manager White, of the District Telegraph Company, says: "I was standing in front of the office talking to a friend when I noticed flames issuing from a cement barrel directly across the street. I remarked, 'They'll have a fire on their hands there in a minute if they don't look sharp.' As I was speaking a man approached the barrel and threw several handfuls of gravel into it. Then he started to run, but before he had gone three steps there was a tremendous report and I saw the man fall down, while a big cloud of dust enveloped him, and the glass came pouring down like rain from the windows above this office. The man then staggered to his feet and ran to Dr. Hall's office. The concussion was terrific."

Mr. C. Cullen, carpenter, working in McKenzie's carpenter shop, corner of View and Douglas, says: "I was working at the bench when I heard a deafening roar and the glass came clattering into the shop, the plaster came down off the roof in big patches and there was a good deal of dust. The explosion shook the building to its foundations. The full force, though, went out across the street towards the Turner block."

Chief Deasy, interviewed, said he had spoken to foreman Picardi a few days ago, asking him how much dynamite he usually carried. Picardi said four or five sticks.

The superintendent gives it to me; the bulk of it is kept inside the city limits.

And what do you with the caps, the detonators?

I carry them home in my pocket every night regularly.

Superintendent of construction, C. D. Vincent, was seen by a TIMES reporter.

"Picardi was a very careful man." He has handled the explosives for us for three months and there has not been even an approach to a mishap. He has had full charge of the dynamite used in the blasting, that is, the daily portions which are supplied from the main store. He has to soften it in hot water before it will act properly. This is always done everywhere. There was a very small quantity of dynamite, or the results would have been a good deal different. Dynamite is a most peculiar substance. Sometimes a concussion will set it off; again, you can drop a ton weight on it and it will not explode. Sometimes it goes off when fire is applied, another time it will not explode under the fiercest heat. There was not enough of the explosive this morning to do any great harm. We never have enough of it around to do much damage, and the greatest care is exercised with even the smallest quantity. Yes, of course, we shall pay for all the broken glass. Quite a bill, too, I guess. As much as possible will be put in this afternoon; the sleeping rooms, etc. The rest as speedily as possible."

To show the peculiar power of the explosion, a young man who was walking away from the barrel, about 30 yards off, was lifted bodily from the ground and only kept his balance by running across the street at full speed. A boy on a bicycle had passed the spot on the sidewalk only a moment before the explosion. He and the bicycle were lifted several inches from the sidewalk and pitched into the roadway. The poor boy regained his feet, mounted the bicycle and sped down the street as if the sable enemy of mankind were after him with a red-hot poker. A Chinaman sawing cordwood a few yards off was thrown on his back and on getting up rushed towards Yates street for dear life. In Spencer's Arcade a panic took place among the girls and they rushed down stairs under the impression that the building was about to collapse.

The only person injured besides Foreman Picardi was a young man named Pittock in Messrs. Keefer & Smith's engineering office. He had his leg rather painfully, but not dangerously, cut by a flying fragment of the shattered glass.

Mr. Fred. Pauline, representative of the Lloyd's Insurance company, gave orders to Mr. Sears, glazier, to at once replace the two plate glass windows broken in Cafe Royal, which were insured in his company. The loss will thus be made good without delay. Mr. Pauline estimates their value at about $100 each.

The explosion caused widespread alarm throughout the central part of the city, which was only allayed when the news was spread that nothing serious had happened. Work on the sewer went ahead as usual after the excitement had subsided.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.

Probable Serious Results of the Strike—Chinese Robbers.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 22.—Firemen on the Canadian Pacific trains said there would be startling developments of the train men's strike to-morrow. It is thought that the engineers and firemen will be called out by their union. The train from the east is reported twenty hours late to-day, and it is rumored that the cause of delay has been a disturbance upon the line. The butchers of Westminster say they will be out of meat next Monday, and expect a meat famine if the strike continues. The railway company has a number of private detectives round the depot, and the strikers have men who are watching every move of the company.

A Chinaman was robbed of a large sum of money and some valuables by six fellow Celestials last night. The robbers entered and bound their victim to a table while collecting together the booty. The robbers have skipped and warrants are out for their arrest.

The Wrecked "Crown of Italy."

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.—The British ship Auchencairn has arrived 118 days from Cardiff. She had a good passage with fair winds the greater part of the way, but while off Cape Horn encountered very severe gales. A reporter boarded the vessel soon after she had dropped anchor, and learned from the first officer that the vessel had sighted the lost ship Crown of Italy bound from Liverpool to this port in the straits of Lamaire, off Cape Horn. "The ship was high and dry on the reef," said the first officer, "and was being dashed to pieces by the waves. Her deck was entirely gone and from the bridge of our ship we could easily see into her hold. On the main shore were a number of tents, and people came out and waved to us. We sent a boat ashore after moving a mile or so further on, and it landed at Cape of Good Success. The master of the port there told our men that the crew of the Crown of Italy had been saved, including the captain and his wife, and all of the passengers. They were being well taken care of by the natives and English residents of the place and seemed happy and contented. The captain said that he had intended saving as much of the cargo as possible before leaving, and for this reason the Auchencairn did not put back to take any of the people on board. When the Auchencairn proceeded on her way, she headed for the south. The waters of the straits, we noticed, were strewn with pieces of cargo and the wreck. We saw the lost ship on the 25th of January."

Disappointed Love.

ALVARADO, Cala., March 21.—Jos. Farrers, 20 years old, committed suicide here last night by taking strychnine. Friends of the young man say he was in love, but his attentions were not acceptable.

Razors, strops and complete line of shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

JUDGMENT IN GREER'S CASE

Justices Crease, Walkem and Drake Unanimous in Dismissing Writ of Error.

Greer Cannot Appeal to a Higher Court and Must Reside in Penitentiary.

Full Text of the Elaborate Judgment Delivered by Hon. Justice Walkem.

At noon to-day the court gave its decision in the appeal case of Samuel Greer, dismissing the writ of error. The result is that Mr. Greer will be obliged to serve out the residue of his term in the penitentiary. Justices Crease, Walkem and Drake were unanimous and this, of course, prevents an appeal to a higher court. Following is the text of Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem's decision:—

The plaintiff in error was convicted on the 14th of December last, at the New Westminster Assizes, held by the learned Chief Justice, of an assault occasioning bodily injury to Thomas J. Armstrong. He afterwards obtained a writ of error, to test the validity of his conviction, on several grounds which I shall presently refer to. On his case coming before us, the Attorney-General moved, as a preliminary proceeding, to quash the writ, as none of the grounds assigned had been reserved at the trial. The motion being an important one, we reserved our decision upon it; and it was arranged, at our suggestion, that the argument of the case should, as a matter of convenience, proceed, but subject to the result of the motion. We have, therefore, now to first decide whether the motion should be granted or not; for, if granted, the case of the plaintiff fails without more. In support of the motion, the Attorney-General relied upon sec. 368 of the Criminal Procedure Act of Canada [Rev. Stat. Can. C. 174], which is as follows:—"No writ of error shall be allowed in any criminal case unless it is founded on some question of law, which could not have been reserved, or which the judge presiding at the trial refused to reserve, for the consideration of the court having jurisdiction in such cases."

Now, it is clear from the record—by which alone we, as a court of error, must be guided—that none of the errors, now alleged, were reserved; nor was there any request to, or refusal by, the learned Chief Justice to reserve any of them. The question, however, remains—Is there, amongst them, any one, or more, which, in the language of the section, "could not have been reserved," even if the plaintiff in error had so desired? In my opinion there is; for I consider that the objections now made to the constitution of the grand and petit jurors that respectively indicted and tried the plaintiff in error are objections to the trial court, or tribunal to try, and as such, necessarily existed before the trial, and hence could not have been made at, or reserved during the trial which followed. In Morin vs. the Queen, decided last year by the Supreme Court of Canada (18, S.C.R. 407), the judges were equally divided in opinion as to when a trial by jury may be said to commence—one-half of the court holding that it commences before the jury is sworn, and the other half, after the jury is sworn. I take the latter view, which was the view expressed by Chief Justice Ritchie, Mr. Justice Strong and Mr. Justice Fournier. The judgment of Chief Justice Ritchie, appears to me, to be unanswerable. It is based on dicta of English judges including such eminent ones as Lord Campbell and Barons Parke and Alderson. Baron Alderson was of opinion that "trial is a very technical word;" and according to Baron Parke, "it only begins," to use his words "after the prisoner is given in charge to the jury," which means, as every practitioner knows, after the jury has been empanelled and sworn. It follows from what I have said that the motion to quash the writ of error cannot be upheld, as the alleged errors in relation to the constitution of the jury are sufficient to support the writ for the purpose of having them considered. But of what avail is this to the plaintiff in error? Although I have a decided opinion in respect of them, it is useless to express it; for the legislature has declared, in section 247 of the same act that *after verdict* "no ommission to observe the directions in any act as to the qualification and selection * * * of jurors shall be a "ground for impeaching" that "verdict, or shall be allowed for error upon any writ of error." This explicit language practically prohibits this as well as every other court in Canada from allowing the objections referred to. The same is to be said of the objections taken to the venue, to the frame of the indictment, and to that of the record. Section 104, for instance, enacts that "It shall not be necessary to state any venue in the body of any indictment; and the district, county or place named in the margin thereof shall be the venue for all the facts stated in the body of the indictment," &c.; and by section 143, "Every objection to any indictment for any defect apparent on the face thereof shall be taken by demurrer or motion to quash the indictment before the defendant has pleaded and not afterwards." Could language be clearer than this?

As to the frame of the record, section 244 is as follows: "In making up the record of any conviction or acquittal on any indictment it shall be sufficient to copy the indictment with the plea pleaded thereto without any formal caption or heading, and the statement of the arraignment and the proceedings subsequent thereto shall be entered of record in the same manner as before the passing of this act." Enactments so unequivocal require no authority to support or explain them; but if authority were needed, Sproule's case decided by this court and approved of by the Supreme Court of Canada is in point. Apart from this, the record in the present case closely follows the type of record approved of in England and set out in "Archbold's Crown Office Practice." One more objection remains to be disposed of; and I shall state it as it appears in counsel's brief or summary of the assignment of errors: "The learned Chief Justice after the jury had retired to consider their verdict, [at the request of the jury] went to the jury room and gave the jury farther directions. Greer was present with the sheriff, but it does not appear that the Attorney-General who prosecuted for the Queen was present. The plaintiff in error will contend that the Chief Justice's charge must be in open court; that the jury room was not an open court, nor were the further charge and directions given in the presence of the said Attorney-General and Samuel Greer." The substance of all this is:—

1st. That the learned Chief Justice, at the jury's request, went to their room, but accompanied, by way of precaution on his part, by the accused and the sheriff;

2nd. That he there gave directions to the jury (which are not stated);

3rd. That the Crown was not represented on the occasion; and

4th. That, for that reason and, as the jury room was not the court room, the directions so given, whatever they were, invalidated the trial.

Three American authorities were cited in support of this contention—Sergeant vs. Roberts [11, Am. dec. 185]; The State vs. Patterson [12, Am. rep. 205]; and section 1000 of Bishop's work on criminal procedure. English authorities were also cited, to which I shall refer later on. In both of the American cases the communications between the judge and the jury, were by correspondence, which was undisclosed to the parties or their counsel. For that reason they were deemed ground for a new trial. Bishop's statement of the American practice, as expressed in the section cited, is that no communication whatever between judge and jury is permissible except in open court, and after notification to the parties and their counsel to attend. But this statement would appear to be open to qualification, for in sec. 2555 of "Thompson on Trials" instances are given of the different views held by different State courts on the question. One court, for instance, went the length of holding that there was a mistrial because the judge passed through the jury room and suffered "the jury to put questions to him without answering them." On the other hand, it was decided in the State of Maine that "a written communication sent by the jury openly and in presence of counsel" was permissible. Again, "where a jury required further instructions and the judge, after calling upon counsel for the defendant to go with him, who refused, and after seeking the defendant himself, who could not be found, went into the jury room and gave them the information they required," it was held by a New Jersey court that there was 'no error;' and, "where a justice of the peace, in response to a request of the jury, went to their room and gave a correct answer" a New York court refused to set aside the verdict on that account. The last three cases are certainly directly opposed to the present contention. The principal English authority to which we were referred is the following in Hale's Pleas of the Crown, vol. 3, p. 296: "The jury may desire to propound questions to the court for their satisfaction, and it shall be granted as it be in open court." Although this passage was written about 200 years ago, it is remarkable that not a single English case can be found which supports or confirms it. There are other passages in Hale which have either been overruled by judicial authority or been allowed to become obsolete. On page 297 (vol. 2) it is stated that if the jury "agree not before the departure of the justices of jail-delivery into another county, the sheriff must send them along in carts, and the judge may take and record their verdict in a foreign county." Is it necessary to say that such a practice is unknown now? As to polling a jury, the same author observes (p. 299) that "if the jury say they are agreed the court may examine them by poll." In Sproule's case the contrary, however, was held to be the law now. Another well known passage may be referred to (see p. 297): "The jury must be kept together without meat, drink, fire, or candle, till they are agreed." The observations of Sir James Stephen on this subject in his "History of the Criminal Law of England" (vol. 1 p. 305) are well worth quoting. "It is," he observes, "a remarkable illustration of the vagueness of the criminal law on points which one would have thought could not have remained undecided, that till very modern times indeed it was impossible to say what was the law in cases in which the jury could not agree; and it was possible to maintain that it was the duty of the presiding judge to confine them without food or fire till they did agree. It was, however, solemnly determined in 1866, in the case of Winsor vs. Reg. (L. R. I. Q. B. 289, 390), that in any case regarded by the judge as a case of necessity the jury may be discharged and the prisoner committed and tried a second time; and that a judge is justified in regarding a case in which the jury are unable to agree after a considerable length of time as a case of necessity. One result of this decision has practically been to obviate the objections usually made to the rule requiring unanimity in jurors, all of which turned on the notion that the law required the jury to be starved into giving a verdict."

It will thus be seen that there has been a signal departure from the practice of our ancestors, 200 years ago, with respect to polling juries, carting them from place to place, and barbarously coercing them, by starvation, into finding a verdict. This is also true in regard to the practice which Hale informs us regulated communications between the judge and the jury in his day; for, in the recent and very important trial, in the English Divorce Court, of the action brought by Lady Russell

Continued on page 4.

DOINGS AT THE CAPITAL.

Little Work Done by Parliament During the Earlier Weeks of the Session.

How the Seat for London Was Stolen From the Liberals—An Unjust Judge.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, March 12.—Parliament is now entering upon its third week and no business of any consequence has been transacted. The House sat upon an average about an hour per day, passed a few motions for returns, read a few bills a first time, and gave an opportunity to the ministers to reply to several questions. Beyond this little has been done. The greater part of one afternoon was devoted to the London election steal, while Sir Hector Langevin spoke for the first time, from his new seat opposite the ministers, another afternoon on the boundaries of Quebec. This would go to show that the ex-Minister of Public Works intends devoting his time, now that he has been deposed, to Provincial affairs. But it was Mr. Mills who made the speech on this question. In regard to the question of boundaries, having made a study of this whole question when the matter was a burning topic in Ontario, the member for Bothwell has a wealth of information on the subject which is perfectly astounding. He could not help taunting Sir Hector with having opposed the settlement of the Ontario boundary matter when it was up for discussion, and along with him at that time was all the cabinet of which the dethroned minister was one; yet he (Mills) would not follow his example by putting a stumbling block in the way of fixing the boundaries of Quebec. The matter was then dropped.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MEMBERS.

The members for British Columbia, with the exception of Lt.-Col. Prior, are all here. An evening newspaper here referring to the arrival of Mr. Gordon, who represents the Vancouver district, makes two or three statements which might be misconstrued as coming directly from Mr. Gordon. For instance, it says that he is about the only member who ever came from the Pacific coast to Parliament with the Dunsmuir influence against him. This is correct, Mr. Gordon tells me, in so far as the Dunsmuir influence was against him, but he does not know that it was ever used against anyone else. Then as to the strike in the Wellington mines, it is true that it is over, as the paper in question states, but Mr. Gordon cannot exactly say whether any of the men went back to work or not. As the paragraph in question might be copied in British Columbia newspapers I take the opportunity of placing the member from Vancouver in his true position. Mr. Corbould has been for the week confined to his room through a very bad cold, but expects to be out in the beginning of the week to attend to his legislative duties. Mr. Mara, who was the first to arrive, introduced a bill yesterday respecting the British Columbia and Southern Railway Company, which was read a first time. Mr. Barnard turned up on Thursday last brimful of life as usual. He complains that the eastern press in a dispatch from Victoria somewhat misrepresented him in referring to the language he addressed to Mr. Kellie, a member of the Provincial Legislature, within the precincts of the Assembly building at Victoria. The words, as well as the tone in which he spoke, were very emphatic and might fittingly be described as strong language, but he denies calling Mr. Kellie "a stinker," etc., as the dispatch read. Finding that he committed a breach of the privileges of the House, he sent an apology to the Speaker and the Legislature, and apparently the wounded feelings of Mr. Kellie do not come in for any consideration whatever in the matter. Mr. Earle, who is one of your most popular representatives, has brought with him Mrs. Earle and Miss Earle. They are at the Russell. Mr. Earle is one of the solid business men of the House, has made a host of warm friends at the Capital, and is highly respected by Grit and Tory alike.

ENFRANCHISING THE INDIANS.

An evening newspaper publishes the following to-day: The British Columbia members got a surprise this morning when they were shown a proclamation in the Canada Gazette extending the provisions of the franchise clauses of the Indian act to the Indians of their province. It was the first they had heard of such a step, and it was easy to see that they were not pleased at such a proclamation being issued without their being consulted about it at all. "Who could have persuaded the government to take such a step?" said Mr. Mara. "It must have been the missionaries" replied Mr. Gordon; "nobody else could have done it." The four members in town could not at first say what effect the proclamation would have upon their constituencies, but they were united in agreeing that it could only affect a small proportion of the Indian tribes of the provinces, not more than two or three per cent. of the whole, and then confined to the Indians on the coast, and perhaps on the Fraser River. After they had looked up the provisions of the law, and discovered that three years must elapse before the Indians would be qualified to vote, their dissatisfaction was somewhat allayed, and they came to the unanimous conclusion, voiced by Mr. Earle, that after all the step was not such a bad one, and that it would act as an incentive to the Indians to progress and civilization.

The proclamation states that "Our Governor-in-Council, being of opinion that the bands of Indians of the Province of British Columbia are sufficiently far advanced to admit of the members thereof taking advantage of the provisions of the Indian Act to become enfranchised, if, after serving the term required by law they are found to be qualified therefor," it is proclaimed that sections 83 to 92 of that act be extended and apply to all Indians in British Columbia. This seems somewhat sweeping, but the effect of the proclamation is seen to be considerably less than first appears, when the act is examined. It provides that an Indian, over 21 years of age, desiring to become enfranchised shall obtain a certificate from the agent of his band that he has been for five years a person of good, moral, character, temperate and of sufficient intelligence to be qualified to hold land in fee simple. That certificate is submitted to the council of the band, and if approved is sent to the superintendent-general, who shall, if satisfied with the evidence, grant the applicant a location ticket for the land occupied by him. The Indian must then serve a probationary term of three years, at the expiration of which he is to be granted letters patent for his land, and, having chosen a name by which he will thereafter be known, will be entitled to the franchise and be relieved of all disabilities which have previously distinguished him from the other subjects of Her Majesty. In fact, he then becomes a full-fledged citizen of the Empire upon an equal footing with every other voter.

QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

There is little doubt that once Hon. John Carling returns to the capital and resumes his duties as Minister of Agriculture he will cause to be put in force the quarantine regulations respecting the importation of live stock from the United States to British Columbia, the same as they are now applied to the provinces east of the Pacific slope. In future the 90 days quarantine will be enforced there the same as elsewhere. It is possible that as the Immigration Department, which also includes quarantine, is about to be attached to the Interior Department, Mr. Carling may leave whatever odium is to be had from such a change in British Columbia to his predecessor. Sir Charles Tupper is determined that the change will take place, and once Mr. Dewdney takes hold of this branch of the public service it will speedily come into force, if not before. Mr. Dewdney is very useful in the Government in this respect. In this direction does his strength lie. Whatever is unpopular is thrown on to his department and becomes law. No one imagines that it is for his ability as an administrator that he has been placed at the head of the Interior, Indian Affairs, Geological Survey, Dominion Lands survey and now Immigration, including Quarantine. The fact is that he is to a large extent beyond popular control, representing territory which always is with the Government, and the affairs of his department, as far as they are politically concerned, are controlled by the other ministers. When any defence is necessary in Parliament Sir John Thompson has to come to the minister's rescue, and when the general working of the department is questioned Mr. Dewdney will read an explanation from his deputy.

THE QUEBEC ELECTIONS.

I need say little in regard to the Quebec elections, having telegraphed the TIMES how the result was viewed here the morning after the election. French-Canadians, "habitants," as we are fond of calling them, point with pride to their province having voted down boodle, and at the same time point to their political purity as compared with Ontario which has declared in favor of the Ottawa boodlers. This is a point which cannot be got over. The revelations at Ottawa last session—and only a tithe of the misdoings was exposed—were such as to stink in the nostrils of all honest men. The electors have been asked to pronounce upon them directly, and those responsible for them drew their attention to Mercier and Quebec, on the principle that two wrongs make a right. To those imbued with Liberal principles there is the satisfaction of knowing that the Liberal party will have no concern with boodlers, having forever crushed such men as Mercier, but it would appear that boodling in the Conservative ranks is no crime, but rather a qualification to political preferment in the eyes of their party. Their political head, Mr. Abbott, as treasurer of the Pacific Scandal fund, took this view of the matter. Messrs. Haggart, Chapleau & Co. are not suspected of being any purer in things political than Mr. Abbott. At all events the question of boodle may be left at one side for the meantime, for the Liberals are determined that having purged their own party in Quebec they will with renewed efforts fight the Ottawa boodlers. It is a thankless job in one way, when such men as German, Hyman and Barron have all been defeated because of their efforts in this direction, but brave men never quail in the hour of danger, and after the darkest moments, when hope begins to fail, there generally appears the dawn, and so in this case it is sure to happen. Liberalism is not a faction which craves for office; it is principle which endureth forever. In Canada to-day it appears to be at a low ebb on the surface, but the hearts of the people are right. Some are lukewarm and need awakening, others are short-sighted and carried away by the enticements of the moment, but the real brains and muscle of the country are right and ere long must prevail and pronounce with unmistakeable emphasis against the boodling element in the Dominion, the iniquitous franchise and the infamous gerrymander which are keeping in office men who are in no way true representatives of the people. Those who predict the decadence of Liberalism ought to look towards Britain to-day, where the greatest Liberal in the world is travelling to victory steadily and surely. Mr. Gladstone's victory will be our gain. The star of democracy is in the ascendant in the United States, and with a Liberal administration in England, a Democratic President and Congress in the neighboring republic and a Liberal Government in Canada, the power of the Red Parlor will most certainly disappear here. The waving of the old flag and the cry of traitors and annexationists have served the same purpose of the Tories to-day as they have on many occasions in the past against those who favor freer trade principles than now exist, but that they will come is morally certain, no matter whether Mr. Laurier or somebody else succeeds.

THE LONDON ELECTION.

A brief history at this moment, when it is more than probable that in a short time Mr. Carling will take his seat, to the London election steal will be in place, notwithstanding that the facts will have already appeared in the TIMES. They cannot be referred to too often. Never before since responsible government became the birthright of the Canadian people did ever a judge so successfully usurp the functions of a free constituency as Judge Elliot has done in the present instance. But for the infamous franchise act he could not have done so. We have had returning officers called to the bar of the House, and we have had others returning minority members who were not called on to give an account of their conduct, but who were rewarded with presentations from the reptile fund, and now we have a judge, who took an active part in the election of Mr. Carling, giving a decision in the form of his own choice, which permits him to take the seat despite the fact that two of the leading courts of the country have declared otherwise.

In the first place the revising officer approved of the form in which the Liberals served their notices of appeal. Second, in defiance of his own expressed opinion he turned a favorable ear to Conservative attacks upon the validity, of practically his own notices. Third, Judge Elliot, without instructing the revising officer, gave it as his opinion that the notices were bad. Fourth, the revising officer embraced the judge's opinion as a golden opportunity to keep several hundred bogus votes on the list. Fifth, the court of Queen's Bench, afterward sustained by the Court of Appeal, unanimously ruled that the notice was good. Sixth, in obedience, not to the ruling but to a mandamus, the revising officer heard the appeals on their merits, and struck off many votes, including those that enabled Hon. John Carling to overcome Hyman's small but decisive majority of the votes that were properly on the list. Seventh, with the aid of Judge Elliot, the Conservatives kept 230 of these names on the list under the false pretense of appealing to the Supreme Court, and polled 132 appealed votes. Eighth, these ineligible votes overcame Hyman's majority and elected Hon. John Carling in the face of the returns. Ninth, Judge Elliot rules that the names which a partisan revising officer was forced to strike off are properly on the list, not because they are good but because the notices demanding their removal are bad.

A venerable and honored county judge decides an election upon a miserable technicality that a police court lawyer would be ashamed to use in defence of a client accused of selling liquor without a license. The Government is buying its success dearly. Sir John Thompson's quibbling speech cleared the path for a crime, and Hon. John Carling, the representative of an injustice that is all the more damnable because it has the sanctity of law, can take his seat. One party's gain or another party's loss is a small thing compared to the injury done to the country by every decision that outrages the true citizen's right of fair play and lessens public respect for the county judiciary. Judge Elliot has done his work so well that the Government will not consent to his impeachment, but the Opposition should propose to impeach his Honor if the law does not permit the Superior courts to punish his indecent defiance of their authority.

SLABTOWN.

We Should Not Vainly Seek.

In the vast realms of unconjectured space,
Where devious paths eternally outspread,
Where farthest stars their mighty marches tread,
And unknown suns through unknown systems pace,
What power can give our longing hearts the grace
To follow feet that long ago have fled—
Among the thronging populace of the dead
To find the welcome of the one dear face!

Nay! let the souls throng round us! I am I,
And you are you! We should not vainly seek;
Would you not hear if e'er so low my call?
Nay, were we dust, and had no lips to speak,
Our very atoms, on the winds blown by,
Would meet and cling, whatever might befall.

—Louise Chandler Moulton.

Does "The Queen" Actually Give Away Pianos?

DEAR MR. EDITOR:

Replying to several enquiries regarding THE CANADIAN QUEEN'S offer to give away one of Mason & Risch's high class Upright Pianos each month during 1892, we have received an order from the publishers of the CANADIAN QUEEN for twelve of our Studio Uprights in solid black walnut cases, our price for which is $325 each. These are to be shipped direct from our factory or salesrooms to the addresses supplied us by the publishers of THE QUEEN. As far as the quality of the piano is concerned, every person with a cultivated ear for music knows what the Mason Risch piano is, and the ones to be supplied to THE QUEEN are the same high grade as far as tone, etc., is concerned as the best we make. A sample of these prize pianos is on exhibition at our ware rooms, 32 King street west, and can be examined by you or any of your friends at any time it suits your convenience.

Yours truly,
MASON & RISCH,
Toronto, Ont.

Who will be the next?

The first prize piano offered by the publishers of THE QUEEN, was won by Miss Eva Watson, 66 Close ave., Parkdale, Ont.; the second prize was won by Edward W. Dowling, clerk in the Windsor hotel, Montreal; third prize piano was won by Edward W. Gardner, 78 Sullivan St., Toronto, Ont.

The Queen's Monthly Puzzler.

If Moses was the son of Paraoh's daughter, what relation would Moses be to the daughter of Pharaoh's son?

THE QUEEN will give an elegant Mason & Risch Fine Toned Upright Piano to the first person answering the above problem correctly, and an elegant Gold Watch for the second correct answer; a China Dinner Set for the third correct answer, and many other valuable prizes, all of which are announced in this issue of THE QUEEN. A valuable special prize will be given for the first correct answer from a reader of the Victoria TIMES. Each person answering must enclose fifteen two-cent stamps for "The Canadian Queen Military Schottische," just out, together with a copy of THE QUEEN, containing a beautiful water-color reproduction, "Seven, He Loves," and full particulars of our Educational Prize Competitions. The object of offering these prizes is to increase the circulation of this popular magazine. By sending to-day you may secure a valuable prize. Address THE CANADIAN QUEEN, "A" Toronto, Canada.

m19-21-22&w

Low Rates to the Sound.

Until further notice the Union Pacific will sell tickets to Seattle for $2. Round trip $3. To Tacoma $2.50. Round trip $4. Steamer leaves foot of Yates street every morning except Saturday at 7 a.m. C. G. Rawlings, general agent, 100 Government street.

All kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HAVE YOU READ

The wonderful accounts in the papers of the GREAT CURES which have been taking place; of

BROKEN DOWN MEN AND WOMEN

who have been restored to health; of people with shattered nerves and constitutions who are weil and strong to-day? If you have not

IT WILL PAY YOU

to do so at once, and you will learn that the means which accomplished these wonderful things was that great discovery,

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

It will pay you to investigate its wonderful qualities and great merit.

NOTICE FOR TENDERS.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain registered mortgage made by D. A. McFarland to the vendor, sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to the first day of April, 1892, for the purchase of Lot 13 in Block 3, Subdivision 185, Group 1, New Westminster District.

This is a fine residence property on Georgia street in the city of Vancouver.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to
WOOTTON & BARNARD,
Vendor's Solicitors,
Broughton street, Victoria.

Dated March 15th, 1892. m17-td

REAL ESTATE SPECIAL.

Two or three lots on Hillside Avenue for sale Cheap, if sold at once.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
Real Estate Agents, 100 Government Street.
mar16-1w

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets
VICTORIA, B. C.

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(Established 1867)
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52 Government street, Victoria.

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Make your gardens and houses really

CHARMING!

Buy and plant at once

JAPAN LILY BULBS

Dwarf Shrubs, Chestnut, Persimmon, Cherry Trees and

DOUBLE TREE PÆONIES

Just imported in fine condition, by

T. S. FUTCHER,

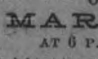
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JAMES ALLISON—Late proprietor of the Caledonian Dye Works, has removed the Paisley Dye Works to 116 Yates street, where he will be glad to be visited by his old customers. Ladies' and Gents' clothing cleaned and dyed. Silks and fancy dyeing and steam finishing a specialty. mb4

STEAMBOATS.

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER



MAUDE

CAPT. ROBERTS.

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF

—FOR—

Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports

ON

MARCH 27.

AT 6 P.M. SHARP.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
m12-td Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - - March 26

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

NOTICE.

COMMENCING TUESDAY, MARCH 15TH, the steamer "City of Seattle" will be laid up for repairs, being succeeded on the Whatcom Route by the steamer "Premier." On the same date the steamer "Eliza Anderson" will be taken off the Everett Route.

G. G. CHANDLER,
mh17-apl G. P. & P. A.

STEAMBOATS.

HO! FOR THE EAST!!

The Upton Line of Steamships

GOOD PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION

$300!! $300!! $300!!

Round Trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges, sailing monthly from Victoria.

SS. ZAMBESI

Due 11th March, via Honolulu.

SS. ROMULUS

Due 25th March.

Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board. For further particulars and every information apply to

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
Agents.
131 Government street, Victoria, B.C. jy8

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, April 12, 1892, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer Monowai .... THURSDAY, March 31st, 1892, 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
oc7 General Agents

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.... ......Tuesday, 5 a.m
" Nanaimo for Comox.. ....Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo...............Friday, 7 a.m
" Nanaimo for Victoria............Saturday 7 a.m

For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Co.

TIME CARD.

VICTORIA ROUTE.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON

8:00 a.m.	*Lv	Tacoma	Ar		5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m.	Lv	Seattle	Lv		3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m.	Lv	Pt Towns'd	Lv		11:45 p.m.
4:30 p.m.	Ar	Victoria	Lv†		8:30 p.m.

PORT TOWNSEND (MAIL) ROUTE.

11:00 p.m.	*Lv	Seattle	Ar		3:00 p.m.
12:30 a.m.	Lv	Pt Madison	Lv		2:10 p.m.
	Lv	Kingston	Lv		
3:00 a.m.	Lv	Pt Gamble	Lv		11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m.	Lv	Pt Ludlow	Lv		10:00 a.m.
6:00 a.m.	Ar	Pt Towns'd	Lv‡		8:00 a.m.

SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.

7:00 a.m.	*Lv	Seattle	Ar		2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m.	Lv	Edmonds	Lv		12:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Lv	Mukilteo	Lv		10:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m.	Lv	Everett	Lv		9:45 a.m.
12:00 m.	Lv	Marysville	Lv		9:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m.	Lv	Lowell	Lv		8:00 a.m.
3:00 p.m.	Ar	Snohomish	Lv*		7:00 a.m.

*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday ‡Daily except Monday.

Snohomish River steamer leaves Tacoma, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 6:00 p.m.

Steamer City of Kingston makes close connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

G. G. CHANDLER,
ja18 G. F. & P. A., Tacoma, Wash.

UNION PACIFIC

Steamer leaves foot of Yates St.

EVERY MORNING

(Except Saturday)

—FOR—

Port Townsend, Seattle and Tacoma

AT 7 A.M.

For further information regarding

STEAMSHIP ::: TICKETS

—AND—

CHEAP TICKETS TO ALL POINTS

IN UNITED STATES AND CANADA

Call on or address,

C. G. RAWLINGS,
General Agent.
100 GOVERNMENT STREET. fe2

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 16,

Taking effect Jan. 15, 1892.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 27th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.
G. A. CARLETON,
General Agent

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 15.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 20th, 1891.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Sun.
De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:30 P M		VICTORIA	78	Ar. 12:24 P M	Ar. 5:58 P M
" 8:04	2:34	1	RUSSELL'S	77	" 12:20	" 5:54
" 8:14	2:44	4	ESQUIMALT	74	" 12:10	" 5:44
" 8:39	3:09	11	GOLDSTREAM	67	" 11:45 A M	" 5:19
" 9:31	4:04	28	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	50	" 10:50	" 4:24
" 9:44	4:14	31	COBBLE HILL	47	" 10:40	" 4:14
9:57	" 4:29	35	McPHERSON'S	43	" 10:27	3:59
" 10:07	" 4:39	38	KOKSILAH	40	" 10:17	" 3:49
" 10:12	" 4:44	40	DUNCAN'S	38	" 10:12	" 3:44
" 10:22	" 4:54	43	SOMENOS	35	" 10:02	" 3:34
" 10:48	" 5:16	52	CHEMAINUS	26	" 9:36	" 3:19
Ar. 11:50	" 6:14		NANAIMO (Ar.)	5	De. 8:34	" 2:14
De. 11:59			NANAIMO (De.)		Ar. 8:25	
Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar. 6:29		WELLINGTON		De. 8:10	De. 1:50

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt
H. K. PRIOR,
oc11 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

—THE—

HIGHWAY OF THE WORLD.

DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

—TO ALL—

EASTERN POINTS,

$5 and $10 cheaper than by any other line. Passengers booked to and from all

EUROPEAN POINTS

Tickets now on sale for

ROUND THE WORLD EXCURSIONS,

Good to go in either direction.

For time tables and full information apply to

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Asst. Gen. Fgt. & Pass. Agt.,
ALLAN CAMERON, Vancouver, B.C.
Fgt. & Pass. Agent,
Corner Government and Fort sts.,
Victoria, B.C. au14

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

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Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash
E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

— THE —

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed.

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS of late equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

— ELEGANT DAY COACHES. —

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First St., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.
G. G. CHANDLER,
General Agent,
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria B. C.

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS
97 JOHNSON STREET.
Good Value. Low Prices.

BANK OF B. N. A.

Proceedings of the Yearly Meeting, Held Recently in London.

The fifty-sixth yearly meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of British North America was held at the offices of the band, 3, Clement's Lane, Lombard street, London. Mr. Frederic Lubbock in the chair. The attendance was small.

The secretary (Mr. A. G. Wallis) having read the notice convening the meeting, and the report and accounts having been taken as read.

The chairman said: Gentlemen—I have been deputed by my colleagues to move the adoption of the report and accounts. I shall not be very long in doing so, having only a few remarks to offer to you respecting the business of the bank and the figures of the balance sheet which has been submitted to you. You are aware that we have now adopted the system of furnishing a balance sheet half yearly, so that that now presented to you reflects the business of the past six months, instead of twelve months as formerly. I will not detain you by going over the figures themselves, which have already, no doubt, received your attention, but I should just like to say that I have compared them with those contained in the two previous statements. Although we send you a statement half-yearly, it is important to remember that in a bank of this sort, having relations in such a country as Canada, a country whose trade varies to so great an extent in accordance with the seasons of the year, it is not a true comparison to compare the figures for the six months ending the 31st December with the figures for the half-year ending June 30. The true comparison is with the figures for the corresponding period of the previous year, and not with the figures for the previous six months. Taking the figures and the balance-sheet in this way and examining them in comparison with those for the corresponding period of the previous year, I am glad to say that in the main items there is again evidenced such an increase in the volume of the business done as to warrant the belief that the bank is continuing to make substantial progress. There has been, in fact, a steady and material increase in the amount of business which has been transacted during the past half-year. The capital and reserve fund you will note are unchanged. The deposits show a material increase. Coming next to the notes in circulation, £245,000, I should like to say one word in regard to the apprehension which appears to have been created in the minds of some of the shareholders in regard to the liability of shares in general under this head. The subject is one which has lately come before the public in a somewhat practical shape. By the Act of Parliament of 1879, the shareholders of banks having limited liability are liable in respect of whatever notes may be issued by the bank of which they may be shareholders. But this bank, as you know, is not a limited liability bank, but a chartered bank. The liability of its shareholders, as a consequence, does not extend to the notes it issues, but is limited and defined explicitly by the charter, and on this question of note circulation, about which enquiries have been made, is one upon which not the slightest apprehension or anxiety need be entertained. This is a fact which is quite beyond dispute or controversy, but we thought it as well, under the circumstances, to fortify ourselves with the opinion of our solicitors on the subject, and they have gone into the question and have given us the most unqualified assurance on the subject to the same effect as that which I have just said. The profit and loss account shows, you will see, that we are able to maintain the dividend which we have paid for some six years past of 7½ per cent. per annum, and to carry forward over £6800 to the next account. Passing to the other side of the account, I would call your attention to the proportion shown by the "cash and specie at bankers and in hand," and the "cash at call and short notice"—that is, by the readily available and immediate liabilities. This proportion is something over 40 per cent., and I think it will be agreed that this represents a position strong enough for any bank to feel satisfied with. These figures, I should add, are not peculiar to the date of the balance sheet; they would, I think, be the same at any time of the year you choose to work them out. The bank premises show an increase of about £5000. This is an outlay which the chairman at your last meeting led you to expect. It includes the cost of purchase of a site at Vancouver, and, is, we are assured, a wise expenditure, and one which in the future will prove a good investment. Taking the business of the half-year as a whole, there are not, I think, any special features to notice. No doubt, in Canada, as elsewhere all over the world, the commercial crisis in London some time ago has made itself felt, and probably for some time will continue to do so. Probably, also, the business in Canada—as regards certain branches of it, at any rate—has been affected by the operation of the McKinley tariff of the United States. I believe, however, that whatever effects may have been produced for the time by this cause, they will prove to be only temporary in character, and that the industries influenced in this way will prove themselves to be possessed of sufficient vitality and strength to outlive these adverse circumstances and find new outlets and new markets in other parts of the world. On the other hand, in compensation for these drawbacks, the Dominion has enjoyed during the past year one of the most bountiful harvests which had ever been experienced, the full effect of which I imagine has hardly yet been experienced, but which undoubtedly must make itself evident ultimately in a general stimulus to the trade of the country. We are about to open a new branch at Woodstock. This is a place of growing importance, and we have made arrangements which will secure us good business there. The question of opening new branches is one which we have constantly before us, and the opinion of the board is that it is the wisest policy of the bank to extend its operations prudently and carefully in those directions where there appears to be a likelihood of our developing a profitable business. In doing this there is no doubt that there is a very great advantage in being among the first in the field; and there is little doubt on the other hand that in one or two cases we have not done quite so well with our branches as we might have done had we moved a little more promptly. At the same time it is equally undeniable that in some cases we should have saved ourselves from loss and disappointment if we had not extended our field of operations quite so precipitately. In a country like Canada where development is going on so rapidly, where new places of business are springing into existence every year, it is not always easy to pick out those which ultimately will be singled out from the others as places of magnitude and permanent importance. The whole subject is one which we have constantly before us and which we are constantly considering and discussing. You will expect me, perhaps, to say something before sitting down about the law-suit we have been engaged in, and which has been occupying the attention of the courts during the past few months. The decisions of the court so far have been substantially in our favor, but the case as yet has not been finally decided, and therefore it has been thought best that for the present I should say no more regarding it, though I should just like to add that, whatever may be the final outcome of the matter, we have made such provision as will be sufficient in our judgment to meet any possible contingency. In conclusion, I may say that the Bank continues in a sound and liquid condition, and that we have every reason to express our grateful acknowledgments to the general manager and the other members of the staff for the zeal and judgment which they have displayed in the discharge of their respective duties. I will not say that it would not be gratifying to us to be able to lay before you more brilliant results, but we believe we are carrying out the wishes of the shareholders—and certainly we are doing what we consider best in the interests of the bank—in maintaining a steady, safe and fair return on the capital of the proprietors, rather than by increasing the return to greater amounts by running what we should consider to be undue risks. I beg to move the adoption of the report.

Mr. H. R. Farrer seconded the motion.

Mr. M. Powell—I think we are all inclined to agree that the basis upon which the board conducts the affairs of the bank is that which is most acceptable to the shareholders generally. I think, above all things, what we want in connection with this company is a sound and steady business, and a dividend of a fair amount, not liable to great alteration. This will, I think, be realized especially when you glance over the list of proprietors and see the large number of joint accounts, which always represent trust accounts, and may be taken, therefore, to represent in many cases ladies and others dependent on trust money, to whom it is of the utmost importance that our dividends should be of a sort which can be relied on, and not liable to sudden or extreme fluctuations. Nobody objects to an additional 1 per cent. now and again if the bank is in a position to pay it, but they do object very much to fluctuating dividends. I have been a shareholder of this bank for a great many years; and if I remember aright, our normal dividend for a long time was 6 per cent. It then increased gradually to 10 per cent., after which there came tremendous losses in connection with the lumber trade, and it came down again to a more moderate dividend. One thing I should rather like to know, and that is whether there is any special reason for the very persistent fall in the value of our shares during the last few months. If I am not mistaken, they have dropped during this time about 12 per cent. in value. Some time ago they were about 77 or 78; to-day they stand at 72. I don't know if there is any special reason you can give for this beyond the general depression which is accountable for the low prices generally ruling at the present time for stocks and shares; but if you can do so, I think it would be satisfactory to the shareholders generally to know it.

The Chairman: Let me say, before replying to the question of the hon. shareholder, that it is very gratifying to us to learn from his opening remarks that the course which is being pursued generally by the board is satisfactory to the shareholders, and that they approve of the policy which we are pursuing. As to the fall in the price of our shares, I am not aware that I can give you any special cause to account for it. I have no doubt Mr. Powell is well aware that on the Stock Exchange just now things are extraordinarily dull and depreciated. I was talking to someone on the subject only yesterday, and he explained it by saying that there are so many thing at the present time which people cannot sell at all that they are only too glad to sell anything which is saleable.

The motion was then put and carried unanimously.

Messrs. Gaspard Farrer, R. H. Glyn, and F. Lubbock, who retired in accordance with the provisions of the charter of the bank, were re-elected directors.

On the motion for the re-appointment of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Co. as auditors of the Company,

Mr. Powell objected to the appointment of a firm as such, maintaining that the auditor of a company should be an individual upon whom responsibility could be fixed, and not a firm in its corporate capacity. He moved therefore that Mr. Edwin Waterhouse and Mr. George Sneath, members of the firm of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Co., be appointed auditors of the Company for the ensuing year.

Mr. Waterhouse said his firm did not object to the appointment being made in this form.

The Chairman—We have no objection whatever to accepting this proposal.

The motion was therefore agreed to, and the proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman and directors.

To One Beloved.

I will not wish thee wealth, since wealth may bring
But empty pleasure, false and hollow joys
O'ertopping peace with rude and empty noise,
'Til life shall droop like bird on broken wing;

Nor will I ask thee years, since time may be
A thing beyond all others strangely sad,
A cursed gift to make men drunk or mad
With sordid care and pressing misery;

But I would crave for thee a rarer boon:
A spirit tuned to such serene accord—
As one of those beloved of the Lord—
That naught of all that cometh, late or soon,
Be it of life or death, of joy or dole,
Can fret the calm of thy most constant soul.
—Mary Elizabeth Blake.

Children almost invariably suffer from catarrh at this season. Do not neglect it until perhaps consumption is developed, but apply Nasal Balm at once. It never fails to cure.

M. J. McArthur, Lock Box 694, Thorold, Ontario.

Was the fortunate person to secure the elegant Gold Watch from the Ladies' Pictorial Weekly's (of Toronto Ontario,) Prize Competition for Wednesday. Watches and other prizes given away daily. Send two three cent stamps for particulars.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Argyle House

GENERAL DRY GOODS.

Staple Stock Now Complete.

Lace Curtains, taped and scalloped, from 50c a pair.

White Honeycomb Quilts, 95c each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, full size, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, large size, $1.50 and $2 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, extra large, extra heavy, $2.50 each.

Marsailles Quilts in all sizes at various prices.

DRESS GOODS.

All Wool French Debeiges, 40 inches wide, 45c per yard.

French Cashmeres, full assortment of colors, 46 in. wide, 65c per yard.

French Estamene Serges, all wool, 40 inches wide, 50c per yard.

SPECIAL VALUE.

All Wool Serges, in black and colors, 25c per yard.

J. Horner & Co.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

THE 24TH DRAWING for an Appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street (opposite View street) on

FRIDAY, THE 25th MARCH, 1892,

at 8 p.m.
See that your shares are in good standing.
By order, A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.

A few shares on hand, which can be taken up on application to the Secretary as his office, 46 Fort street, corner Broad. mh21-1d

IMPROVED DENTISTRY.

HAVING RETURNED FROM EUROPE, I shall be pleased to receive my old and new patients at my office, 73 Government street. I am now prepared to furnish you with the latest methods in the Dental art. My specialties are Apparatus for Cleft Palate, my Improved Sets of Artificial Teeth, Regulating Teeth, and the latest setting, Diamonds into Natural and Artificial Teeth. None but first-class work furnished.

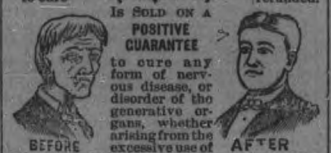
DR. HARTMAN.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE



to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

an29

BE A MAN

Laocoon in the coils of the fatal serpents was not more helpless than is the man who pines under the effects of disease, excesses, overwork, worry, etc. Rouse yourself. Take heart of hope again and BE A MAN! We have cured thousands, who allow us to refer to them. WE CAN CURE YOU by use of our exclusive methods and appliances. Simple, unfailing treatment at home for Lost or Failing Manhood, General or Nervous Debility, Weaknesses of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. Improvement seen the first day. How to enlarge and strengthen, WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS AND PARTS OF BODY. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N.Y.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY OREGON.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have learned that certain parties are going around the city circulating a story to the effect that I have sold my wood business to them. It is entirely false, and if further circulated the guilty ones will be prosecuted. I will have my name on my wood-sawing machine to prevent further deception, and will still be found at 151 Fort street, ready to fill all orders satisfactorily. Good dry wood for sale, $4.00 per cord.

N.B.—After the 1st of April I will move directly across the street to 140 Fort street.

JOSEPH PERRY.
fe27-1m

JOSEPH SEARS
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c
114 YATES STREET

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. an30 tf

MUNICIPAL.

VICTORIA CRESCENT, from its intersection with McClure street, to Quadra street, is closed to traffic during removal of rock, until further notice.

S. T. STYLES,
Chairman Street Committee.
Victoria, March 3rd, 1892. mh3

W. J. DEASY
(Successor to J. C. Smith.)
Chimney Sweeping, Carpet Beating

House Cleaning and all odd jobs promptly attended to. Orders may be left with T. L. Irving, 43 Fort street; J. T. Papst, 139 Fort street; Watson & Hall, 55 Yates street. Telephone call 448. mh11-3w

NEWBIGGING & ANDERSON,
B.C. NOVELTY WORKS
105 DOUGLAS STREET.

Sewing Machines, Lawn Mowers, Bicycles, and light machinery of all kinds repaired. Stamps and Dies made to order. All work guaranteed. Estimates given on models. mh14-1m

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

GOVERNMENT SALE
—OF—
121 LOTS 121
—IN THE TOWN OF—
NELSON

Under instructions from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, we will sell by Public Auction, at 11 a.m., at the Town of Nelson, Kootenay, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27th,

Particulars, with maps, can now be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

Terms of Sale—¼ cash, ¼ six months, ¼ twelve months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. per annum. Crown Grants $5 each.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
mh11-td Auctioneer.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,
Real Estate, Furniture and General AUCTIONEERS,
Will sell by auction on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30th
AT 11 A.M.
At their Estate Sale Rooms, corner Broad street and Trounce Avenue, the

SUNNYSIDE ESTATE

By order of Mr. W. Stormer Smith, who is going to England. The estate is situate between Craigflower road and the Gorge, and comprises

Beautiful Residence and Lot,
Fronting on the Gorge.
Two Water Front Lots, 60x250.
Two Lots, 41x130,
Fronting Craigflower road.
Five Lots with 69 ft. frontage
to Sunnyside Avenue.

The residence was built under the personal superintendence of Mr. Smith, and is quite new. It is of a substantial character, conveniently arranged, containing twelve reception and bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, etc., and has a particularly fine appearance from the water. The lots are all cleared and in grass. They have been well laid out, and are larger than most lots in that district, the two water front lots being exceptionally fine.

The auctioneers desire to draw the attention of capitalists, investors and those seeking desirable residential property, to this sale. The estate is situated in the midst of the most picturesque scenery to be found anywhere around Victoria, while from the upper windows of the residence a most

CHARMING VIEW OF THE CITY

is obtained. A landing stage is erected, affording excellent facilities for boating. Shooting and fishing can also be enjoyed. The Electric Tramway passes the end of Craigflower Road, bringing the property within fifteen minutes of the postoffice.

Terms—Half cash, balance in 6 and 12 months Cards to view the house, lithographed plans and full particulars may be had from

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,
fe26 Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE
ON WEDNESDAY, 23rd,
AT 11 A.M.
TO SAVE REMOVING

R. Maynard, Esq., has instructed me to sell at his store, corner of Johnson and Douglas streets, a very large quantity of

BOOTS AND SHOES

in quantities to suit purchasers. Also

PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS,

besides a quantity of Furniture, and other effects too numerous to mention.

Terms cash.

JAMES MORTIMER,
mh21-2t Auctioneer.

EXTRAORDINARY : BARGAINS.

The remainder of the

Bankrupt Stock
—OF—
92½ Douglas St., Doane Block,

Must be sacrificed within ten days

AT FIFTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

Stock consists of Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Men's, Ladies' and Childrens' Boots and Shoes; a large assortment of Boys' and Children's Suits, Hats and Caps; Trunks, Valises, etc., etc. mh2

"THE GLOBE"
Oyster and Chop House
42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
VINCENT & HOLBROOK, Proprietors.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.
Victoria Sept. 2, 1891. se2-tf

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm
Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the next sitting thereof, for a transfer of the license to sell liquor by retail held by me in respect of the premises known as the Railroad Hotel, Johnson street, Victoria, to the new building and premises known as the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Milne Block, Johnson street, Victoria.

Dated at Victoria this 13th day of February 1892.

fe14 JOHN BEGG.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Conlin & Rendall has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Mr. Rendall, who will collect all debts due to the firm and pay all liabilities.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1892.

M. J. CONLIN,
mh10-1m WM. RENDALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain Works constructed in or on Navigable Waters," Chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability, intends to apply to the Governor-General of Canada in Council for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said Company in and about the Cowichan River between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, in the Island of Vancouver in the Province of British Columbia, and has in accordance with the provisions of the said Act deposited a description of the proposed site of such works and improvements and a description of such works and improvements, together with plans thereof, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

Dated this 18th day of February, 1892.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement
mh4-1m Company, Limited Liability.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on the south shore of Nahmint bay, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the shore of Alberni canal; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the Nahmint river; thence meandering east along the shore to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

H. R. McINTYRE.
January 30th, 1892. feb1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land, situate on the south shore of Sarita Lake, Barclay Sound, Alberni District:—Commencing at a post at head of lake joining W. Braden's claim; thence east 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north along lake shore to place of commencement; containing 160 acres, more or less.

G. C. SAUER.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 20th, 1892. ja20-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the shareholders of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company will be held at the office of the British Columbia Land and Investment agency, Victoria, on the 19th day of March, at the hour of 3 p.m., for the purpose of electing directors and adopting by-laws for the due management of the affairs of the company.

Dated the 1st day of March, 1892.

HENRY S. MASON,
mh Sec'y pro tem.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situated in Alberni District, Vancouver Island, and more particularly described as follows:—Beginning at the northeast corner of the land purchased by Beaumont Boggs, being Section 78; thence along the line of the said land in a westerly direction 40 chains; thence in a northerly direction 40 chains, more or less, to the line of the Indian Reserve; thence easterly along the line of said Indian Reserve about 40 chains to the shore line; thence along the said shore line to the point of commencement; containing in all 160 acres, more or less.

W. D. McGREGOR.
Victoria, B.C., January 16th, 1892. ja22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Nahmint river, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the river and about 1 mile west from Alberni canal, thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains along the bank of the river to place of commencement, containing about 160 acres more or less.

January 29, 1892. FRANK G NORRIS.

ROBERT N. FITTON,
LANDSCAPE GARDENER
Fifteen years' practical experience.

Pruning, Flower and Vegetable Gardens laid out and kept in order by day or contract.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR TILE OR BOX DRAINING.

All communications attended to promptly.
RESIDENCE 58 NORTH PARK ST.
P.O. Box 718. mh7-tf Victoria, B.C.

SING KEE
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at shortest Notice.
Contracts Taken.
24 HERALD STREET, - - - - VICTORIA, B.C.
fe15-3m

WING ON
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer
INTELLIGENCE BUREAU
All Kinds of Chinese Help Furnished.
No. 20 Cormorant street, - - Victoria, B.C.

DUCK LUNG,
GROCERIES AND PROVISION.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
And contractor for Chinese labor at short notice. 42 Pingard street, Victoria. P.O. Box 457. ja9-2m

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

WANTED—By a young man, strong and willing to work, a situation in any capacity, used to horses. Address F. S. Times office. m22-2t

WANTED—By a young man a situation as caretaker or manager of a ranch. Steady and capable. Address "Caretaker," care of Times office. mh21-4t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Smart intelligent boy, also good hand ironers at the Victoria Steam Laundry. m21

WANTED—A first class waitress, none other need apply. Dominion Hotel. m21-tf

WANTED—100 men to clear and grade streets at Barclay. Apply at No. 9 Trounce avenue. m21-tf

WANTED—A cook. Apply 195 Yates St., before 2 p.m. m21-2t

WANTED—A competent farm hand, who thoroughly understands farm work and machinery. Must be sober and steady, and make himself generally useful. Apply to J. W. Tolmie, Saanich road. mh19-tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—At 73 Broad street, ten or twelve boarders. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mrs. Wm. Allen. mh19-1w

HOUSE WANTED—Before the 1st April, an eight-roomed house wanted to rent. One conveniently situated and comparatively new preferred. Address X.Y.Z, Times office. m5

WANTED—Houses renting less than $20 per month for good tenants. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. ja23-tf.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—Unfurnished flat of three rooms with water etc., $8 per month. On car line, corner of St. Lawrence and Superior Sts., James Bay. m21-2t

TO LET—Two nice single furnished rooms, with board, $5.00 and $5.50. 179 Johnson street. mh19-3t

TO LET — Furnished bedrooms, without board, in James Bay. Address H., Times office. mh18-tf

TO RENT—Small store, with 6 rooms and kitchen. Apply J. Mortimer, auctioneer, corner View and Broad streets. mh17-tf

TO RENT—New 6-roomed cottage on Fifth street, $12 per month. T. G. Rayner, Real Estate, Trounce avenue. mh17-tf

TO LET—A 2-story house, furnished, within three minutes' walk of Beacon Hill; for six months, from 15th April to 15th October. For further particulars apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. fe19-tf

TO LET—On Chatham street, new house, 7 rooms.

On Bellot street, house, 7 rooms.

On Belcher avenue, house, 9 rooms.

On Vancouver street, house, 5 rooms.

On Vancouver street, house, 7 rooms.

On Labouchere street, house, 7 rooms.

On Amphion street, house, 4 rooms.

On Broad street, offices and stores.

fe17 Apply to Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET — Centrally located. Private house, all conveniences. Terms low. References required. Address X, box 652, post office, City. 125-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—The beautifully situated property 49 Third street; good house, and well-stocked fruit and vegetable garden, with back and front entrance. Apply on the premises. mh19-1m

STANDARD REMINGTON No. 2, for sale cheap. Used two months. Apply Telegraph office. mh18-1w

FOR SALE—30 acres good land, seven acres under cultivation. Fine chance for market garden. Nine miles from city. Price $2200. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. mh5

GENERAL BUSINESS — Situated in the town of Revelstoke, for sale. No better business centre in the Province. Terms easy. For same apply to C. B. Hume, Revelstoke, or to J. F. Hume & Co., Nelson, B.C. fe18 tf

WE offer the following bargains:—

Chicken ranch of 9 acres, with good stream, 4 miles from postoffice; price $1650; terms, ¼ cash.

House, 7 rooms, barn and 3 lots, Victoria West; price $3500; terms ¼ cash.

Large lot on Pine street; price $400.

Large lots on Cowan avenue, $275 each.

Lot 60x135 on Belcher street, $650.

Lot, Fourth street, Work estate, $800.

fe17 Apply to Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50'x126' 9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Cheap corner lot on Burnside road, 56' 6"x124' 6". Price $425. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Five acres on Belcher street, magnificent site. Price $9000. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fit Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Half-acre on Gorge road, $1350. Terms easy. Cleared land. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE — First-class business for two energetic young men. Small capital required. For particulars apply to Charles Green & Co., auctioneers and brokers, 46 Yates street. fe22

DETECTIVE.

McNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE

ROOM 10, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

General Detective business transacted for corporations and individuals.
References furnished.
E. D. McNAUGHTON,
mh1 Manager.

PIANO TUNING.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.

Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. mh1-tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.
City References:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
mh1-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2. English concertinas, flutinas and accordeons tuned and repaired. W. C. Windebank (from Broadwood's, London, England), No. 45 Blanchard street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Letters punctually attended to. oc20

ART.

K. BRADEN,
Exhibitor in Royal Academy, Institute, etc., of London, gives lessons in painting, oil and water color landscape, portrait and still life. Studio at Room 43, Five Sisters' Block, Government street. fe19-1m

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Hastion street, Victoria, B. C. mh5-1y

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Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. Take elevator.
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Corner Government and Pandora streets Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

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SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131, Red Rose Degree, meets first and third Wednesdays, at a quarter to eight p.m., in the St. George's Hall, corner of Government and Bastion streets.
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
ARTHUR LEE,
P.O. Box 782. ja2-3m Secretary.

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The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 130, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY,
1-1y Scribe K.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER,
oc9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

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Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. a22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

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We are prepared to furnish Banquets, Weddings, Balls, Receptions and Afternoon Teas.

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ICE CREAM MADE DAILY.

Finest French Candies made fresh daily; also Chocolate Eclairs, Macaroons, Cream Puffs, Pies and all kinds of German Pastry. All short orders served.

OPEN ALL NIGHT.
Ladies' side entrance to boxes.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Mrs Boynton and two children, R Boyd, J N Kelly, H V Clancey, J Bell, J O Kenard, T J Connor, R Bunnafowl, M Boardman, Mr Graham, H E Bradley, J Boyle, J Anderson, W Steel, W T Whatly, J Spring, G A Chapman, J H Jones and wife, G P Kelly, J McClymont, A K Thompson and wife, J Hide, G Jones, W O Lee, G R McKill, C Reno, F Roger and M C Carroll.

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Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

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Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

The Daily Times.

CROFTER COLONIZATION.

The Provincial Government has at last submitted its "crofter colonization" scheme to the Legislature, embodied in two bills which were brought down yesterday. An examination of these two measures shows that the Government's present proposals are a radical departure from previous crofter schemes. There are two main propositions in the two bills. First, the Provincial Government is to be authorized to accept the loan of £150,000 offered by the Imperial Government to provide for the transportation of 1250 crofter families to this Province and their settlement here. Second, the Government asks power to make a bargain with the company promoted by Col. Engledue and Major Clark, whereby the latter will undertake to effect the double purpose of developing the fisheries of the Province and affording the crofter immigrants employment, fishing utensils, dwellings, etc., while the Government in turn will convey to the company 500,000 acres of the public lands.

It must be said that the company appears to have in this the prospects of an exceptionally good bargain. So far as we can understand the two bills, the province undertakes the work of bringing out the crofters, becomes responsible for the money borrowed from the Imperial Government for that purpose, and pays the interest on this money. In addition, it gives a very substantial land grant. On the other hand, the company agrees to look after the welfare of the crofters after they come here and furnish them with work, but at the same time that work is likely to develop a business from which the company will profit largely. There is, of course, a certain amount of risk that the business will not be profitable, but no great share of the risk seems to come on the company. Baldly put, it seems as though the province proposed to provide the company with a large amount of the working capital and a considerable land grant besides. It may be that ministerial explanations will modify this aspect of the bargain, but so far as the bills are concerned this is its aspect at present.

Of course the Province will receive benefits from the transaction if carried out in the manner proposed by the two bills. There will be a substantial increase of the population secured by the addition of the fishermen and their families, and the work in which they are to be engaged promises to develop a very important part of the Province's resources. It is generally understood that the deep sea fisheries have been until the present time very largely neglected, and that they offer the prospect of a very substantial addition to the wealth of the Province when they are properly developed. It will certainly be a good thing to secure this result, provided it does not call for too great a cost to the public. It is also generally admitted that it would be unwise to bring out the crofters and settle them in any portion of the Province without the provision of some means of caring for them at the outset and of directing their efforts towards self support. Placing them under the care of such a company as that proposed should secure them against being left stranded and helpless, which would be the result if left to shift for themselves. It is a question, however, whether they should be left so completely under the control of the company as is proposed in these bills. There is no provision, that we can discover, for the ultimate ownership by the crofters of the lands and dwellings which they are to occupy. The land grant is so be turned over to the company, and the crofters are to be its tenants-at-will. This looks as though they would be left in practically the same position as they are in at present. If this is a correct interpretation of the bill, it is to be hoped that the prospective immigrants will be frankly dealt with and that they will not be given the impression that in coming here they will be able own their own houses and lands. Of course the explanations to be made in the House may put a different face on this matter also. Altogether, it would seem that the Government will need to furnish full explanations before the scheme can be regarded as acceptable.

ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

Important Business Transacted---The City's Responsibility.

The directors of this institution held a meeting last evening in the Board of Trade rooms, there being present, President Davies, Messrs. Chudley, Yates, Hayward, Wilson, Braden, Pearce, Shotbolt, Fummerfelt, Brown, Byrnes and Braverman.

The medical superintendent made reports of sickness of nurses and temporary arrangements for supply, which were approved.

Dr. Richardson reported that Mrs. Tilton had, on behalf of the King's Daughters, presented a cot to the hospital. The gift was acknowledged with the thanks of the directors.

The matter of defective sewerage took up considerable time and it was decided to appoint a committee to enquire and report at next meeting, and also to request the corporation to remedy defects in the Cadboro Bay road drain.

The following scale of charges for treatment in the hospital was recommended and approved: Ordinary patients, $15 per week; special nursing, $3 per night; infectious cases, $30 per week; special surgical cases, $30 per week; patients requiring coal fires in their rooms, 50c. per day extra.

Warm praise was bestowed by Mr. Chudley on the Ladies' Auxiliary for the good work done in behalf of the hospital, having donated in all $217. Mr. Chudley recommended the Board to take steps to secure the co-operation of the workingmen of the city and to confer with the foremen of the different establishments with that end in view. Messrs. Flumerfelt, Chudley, Yates and Hayward were nominated a committee for that purpose.

The president reported as follows:

Victoria, March 20, 1892.

To the Board of Directors:

Gentlemen,—

At the invitation of His Worship Mayor Beaven, I called at his office on Saturday morning, and the questions contained in my letter, read last Wednesday at the meeting of the City Council were fully discussed.

From our conversation I gather that His Worship was of opinion that the hospital should be assisted by the municipality, and in a thorough and permanent manner; to this end he would report on Wednesday next to the council, and if agreed to, a bylaw would have to be summitted for approval to the ratepayers, for the money to pay the present liabilities.

It was suggested that new institutions, or additiions to the hospital, might be provided for by the following method, viz. the Provincial Government paying one-third, the municipality one-third and the hospital collections one-third.

It was thought that the most equitable plan would be that a special rate be levied upon real estate, so as to provide funds both for the "Home for the Poor" and hospital, upon a per capita basis, so as to assist in their maintainance. His Worship, however, was of opinion that if the city contributed both towards the building and the maintainance of the hospital, it should have the right to name three members of the Board of Directors.

All of which is submitted.

Joshua Davies, President.

The proceedings then terminated.

A LONG SLEEP.

Recovery of a Miner Who Had Been Unconscious for Months.

A miner named Latus, living at Myclovitz, in Prussian Silesia, has just awakened from a sleep that lasted for four months and a half. During this period his limbs were rigid, but now he appears to have completely recovered, and his cataleptic rigidity has vanished.

This case has attracted to Myclovitz in the last three months medical specialists from all parts of Germany, and it has been the subject of numerous articles in continental medical publications.

Latus is 26 years old and a native of Brzezinka. He became unconscious and rigid on September 18, 1891, and all efforts of his family to arouse him or feed him were unsuccessful. After a few days he was taken to the Miner's Hospital in Myclovitz, where the physicians pricked him, pinched him and burned him slightly to make sure that he was not shamming. He neither shrank nor moved his eyelids. His breathing was so weak that only by placing their ears to his naked breast could the physicians perceive it. Occasionally a slight color mounted to his cheeks, and once or twice a week, when somebody shouted in his ear, his eyelids quivered a little.

His hands were so tightly closed that his nails grew into his palms. During the last few weeks his fingers were pried up every three or four days that the nails might be clipped. His jaws were set so firmly that two men were required to open them when he was fed. For four months his mouth was forced open thus twice daily, and each time a quart of milk was poured through the tube into his stomach. The muscles of Latus' legs remained stiff as steel throughout his unconsciousness. His arms, however, about three weeks ago became flexible and soft.

The hospital physicians have attributed Latus' peculiar condition to a brain disease of an undiscovered cause and nature. During his long sleep his wife was very ill and his little girl died.—Berlin Special.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

M. R. Jones and wife who arrived on the Empress of India, leave to-night by the City of Kingston for San Francisco overland.

Henrry E. Field leaves to-night by the City of Seattle en route for England. He will travel over the Northern Pacific to New York and take the steamship Majestic on the 3rd inst.

Do you feel tired and worn out? Is life a burden to you? Are your cheeks pale and sallow? If so, try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and you will feel like a new person. They never fail. Good for both sexes, young and old.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

JUDGMENT IN GREER'S CASE

(Continued from page 1.)

against her husband for judicial separation on the ground of cruelty, communications in writing passed between the judge and the jury after the latter had retired to consider their verdict. The circumstance is thus reported in the "Times" of the 5th of December last: "The jury retired to consider their verdict at 5:15 p.m. After they had been absent just half an hour, a written communication was sent from them to the learned judge who addressed to them a letter in reply. At 6:10 p.m. the jury came into court, and in answer to the formal question put to them, the foreman stated that they had agreed upon their verdict which was that Lord Russell had not been guilty of cruelty towards his wife." Now, I admit that such a report is not authoritative, but there is no reason to doubt its accuracy. Eminent counsel—Sir Edward Clarke and Sir Charles Russell—respectively represented the parties to the action; yet the written communications between the judge and the jury, though not disclosed at the time, were not objected to as either unprecedented or evil in principle. What occurred in the present case was assuredly less objectionable; for the communication between the learned Chief Justice and the jury was not private, but open and in presence of the accused and the sheriff, and to the knowledge of the Attorney-General, who elected, as he had a right to do, not to be present. What the nature of the communication was is not stated; and it is fair to assume that it was not prejudicial to the accused otherwise his counsel would have certainly complained of it. But even if the communication had been contrary to English practice, we would be precluded by section 266, which I have already referred to, from giving any effect to the objection now taken, as it was not taken at the trial. No judge can supersede the law. He cannot set himself above it, or alter or mould it to suit his own views or the views of others. He must administer it, and where it is clear and explicit, as in the present case, must obey it and insist upon its being obeyed. Every ground of error which has been advanced is declared by the several enactments, which I have quoted, to be untenable. The present criminal code and system of procedure have been framed on humane and enlightened principles and according to those principles the plaintiff in error has been tried. What more could he expect? As to the jurors that tried him, he had a voice in their selection, and it must therefore be assumed that they were acceptable to him. There is no suggestion that they brought in a verdict contrary to the evidence, or acted otherwise than in accordance with a conscientious discharge of their public duty. The judgment of the learned Chief Justice must therefore be affirmed; and, on the present application, judgment entered for the Crown.

Be Up and Doing.

"Wear out!" though stern your features grow,
Though raven locks be turned to snow;
On to the front! nor laggard be,
With sturdy blows comes victory!
Shame on the weak, the nerveless hand
That cannot grasp Truth's shining brand,
That shrinks when from fair freedom's tower
The tocsin sounds the trial hour;
That falls when justice calls to go,
With battle ax and "bended bow,"
And prove upon his native sod
His fealty to man and God.

The Antietam Statue.

Steadfast and sad he stands, his level eyes
Asking stern question of eternal Fate.
That silent host of dead before him lies,
Whose wondrous, woeful loss no years abate:
The wind that wails, the unrelenting skies,
"What have these done?" the answering echo cries;
"Their life, their love, their youth's sweet promise gone;
Gone in a day their gilded destinies.
What evil errand have their swift lives done
To be so clipt, like insects in the sun;
And this gaunt stone to mock their memories?"
Stone art thou! God in each true soul replies,
"These men who died for man outlive all earth and skies."

—Rose Terry Cooke.

Conversational Possibilities.

What a halcyon time
In what heavenly clime,
If the myriad tongues through the year
Would only give speech,
As we come within reach,
To the things that we want to hear.

And what ages of bliss
Would be merged into this,
And make joyful each wearisome day,
If, with wisdom untold,
We would only unfold
Just the things that we meant to say.

—Emma Carleton.

Low Rates to the Sound.

Until further notice the Union Pacific will sell tickets to Seattle for $2. Round trip $3. To Tacoma $2.50. Round trip $4. Steamer leaves foot of Yates street every morning except Saturday at 7 a.m. C. G. Rawlings, general agent, 100 Government street.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

Strawberries and Pearls in Japan.

It has been pointed out by a traveler in Japan that strawberries, which grow in lavish profusion in some parts of the country, are a possible source of wealth, and he suggests that they should be utilized for jam. The idea has not, however, caught on in the land of exalted art. The Japanese do not attach as much importance to jam making as Mr. Gladstone. The same traveler has also called attention to another neglected industry. The waters around the southwestern islands abound in pearls, which, however, are practically unworked, and even a Japanese paper admits that there is scope for energy in this direction.—London Figaro.

WASN'T AFRAID OF FEVERS.

A Famous Rider Who Was Willing to Go Anywhere for a Salary.

Showman James A. Bailey once engaged John Robinson, the great bareback rider, to go with him to Australia, says the New York Herald. He paid him five hundred dollars every week, even when they were on board ship. Robinson needed it then as badly as he did when on land, because he played poker perpetually.

At the end of the Australian engagement Mr. Bailey decided to go to India. Robinson's name was not known there and the showman concluded that a less expensive man would do as well. But the rider's contract had some time to run, and in the hope of inducing Robinson to ask to be released, Mr. Bailey one day began to descant on the horrors of the Indian climate.

"It's a terrible place, John," he said. "It's full of fever. I'm afraid you'll get sick if you go out there."

"Mr. Bailey," said Robinson, impressively, "you can pitch your tents in hades and I'll ride under 'em for five hundred dollars a week."

The Care of Lamps.

Granted cleanliness and ordinary care, there can be no accident. To begin with, the lamp should be trimmed and filled with oil in the morning every day. Once a week the oil container should be thoroughly emptied out and the small amount of dirty oil thrown away. Next see that the burner is clean. Whenever the lamp burns badly this should be at once looked to, as it often is the cause. If the burners are boiled for a few minutes in soda and water at regular intervals there will be no difficulty in the burning.

Next see that the wicks fit exactly. For this purpose, when new wicks are required, the lamp burner should always be sent. Some people buy their wick by guess, a most foolish plan, for not only must it be of the right width, but also of the right thickness, so as to allow of the oil reaching the flame properly, and also to let the wick be turned up or down easily. Another thing to ascertain is if the wick is worn out. A lamp should have a fresh wick every month at least. Be careful before fitting in a new wick to see that the latter is perfectly dry. It should be placed for ten or fifteen minutes on a hot plate before fixing it in the lamp, so as to remove any moisture.

It is said that soaking the wicks in vinegar, and then drying them thoroughly, prevents all chance of smoking; but of this there should be no fear where the lamp is regularly and properly cleaned and trimmed. Be very careful in trimming the wick not to let any of the charred part fall into the burner. This is a fruitful source of trouble. Lamps with metal reservoirs are undoubtedly safer than those of glass or china, as the former, if upset, can be picked up and replaced before the oil can escape. Therefore, where children are about, it is better to have only metal containers or else metal containers which can be slipped into the china or glass stands.

Of course the oil used must be of good quality. There is no saving, but, on the contrary, waste and some danger in poor oil. Bad oil clogs the wick and the burner, besides giving off an unpleasant and very dirty vapor.

One more hint. Never turn down a lamp, allowing it just to glimmer. It is meant to burn with the flame at full height, and when allowed to smolder in this way it will either smoke or smell—possibly both—and most certainly heat rapidly and become a distinct source of danger.—London Queen.

The "Average Woman."

How many who use the term "average woman" know what it implies? Physically it means that she weighs about 117 pounds, and that, if an American, she is somewhat taller than 5 feet 1 inch. Observations taken by the French academy relative to the average height of 1,107 Frenchwomen, without shoes, show it to be that much. Dr. Sargeant, from 1,835 observations, concludes that the American woman is nearly two inches taller than the average daughter of France; and Dr. Galton, an Englishman, in 770 measurements, found that the women of Great Britain are the tallest of the three, they exceeding Miss Columbia by fully half an inch. In the matter of weight, though, American femininity is slightly ahead, though the figures are not given.—Chicago Times.

Strange Scene in a Church.

When Suvaroff was advanced to the rank of a field marshal, he celebrated his promotion in a fashion all his own. He had a number of chairs, equal to the number of senior generals in the army, placed one behind the other in a church, at short distances. He then jumped over them after the manner of boys playing at leap frog, by way of showing how he had overleaped his rivals. After he had done this he put on his marshal's uniform, decked himself with his innumerable orders and called upon the astonished priests to chant a Te Deum.—Buch fur Alle.

Moving a Big Rock.

One of the biggest rocks ever moved in the course of a railroad construction in this country was recently excavated on the line of the Mexican Southern. The giant bowlder was one hundred and twenty feet in height and measured one thousand cubic meters. Six dynamite cartridges were placed under the rock after the men had excavated as much earth as possible and were fired one after another. At the sixth explosion the big fellow rolled over out of the way.

The perfume of violets, the purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebee combine in *Pozzoni's* wondrous Powder.

Sample Chocolate Free.

A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Use "Highland Brand" Evaporated Cream.

Men Wanted.

One hundred men are wanted to clear and grade streets at Barclay. Apply at No. 9 Trounce Avenue. *

Wanted.

$10,000 American silver at par in exchange for boots and shoes, at Carmichael & Paterson's, 35 Johnson St.

Just Arrived.

Queen olives, sauerkraut, German salt pickles and mixed pickles in bulk, at Watson & Hall's, 55 Yates street. *

Nickels Taken at Par.

American five cent pieces are taken at par by the TIMES newsboys and at the office, for copies of the Daily and Weekly TIMES.

Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel is now open. Offices to rent on the first floor. Special rates for rooms by the week or month. Apply office, first floor. *

Fire Department Drill.

The fire department will drill this evening. A box unknown to any of the men will be rung in by the chief some time between 6 and 12 o'clock.

Twenty-fourth Drawing.

The twenty-forth drawing for an appropriation in the Victoria Building Society will be held on Friday evening in the Sir William Wallace Society hall, Broad street.

The City Engineer.

Ald. Hall has given notice of a motion to rescind the appointment of S. P. Tuck as engineer, to provide a salary of $250 per month and to advertise again for applications for the position.

The Ball Family.

The Ball family of jubilee singers will give a stereoptican exhibition of scenes from Uncle Tom's Cabin, accompanied by slave melodies, on Tuesday night next in the Methodist Church school room.

Social and Dance.

The Spiritualist society will hold an anniversary social and dance in Harmony hall on Wednesday evening. Those who attend are sure to have a pleasant time, as the members of the society are good entertainers.

Open Again.

The Turkish Baths, corner of Yates and Broad street, is again in full running order under the same management. Hours for bathing: 6 a.m. to 2 p.m., 6 p.m. to 10 p.m. for gentlemen, and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. for ladies. Best lady attendants secured. Dr. W. E. Bergman.

A Successful Rehearsal.

A very successful rehearsal of the "Pirates of Penzance" was held at the Pioneer Hall last evening, all the members knowing their lines perfectly. Hereafter the rehearsals will be held in the theatre, so that those taking part may become acquainted with the stage.

Death of David Alexander.

David Alexander, one of the first settlers in Cowichan District, died at his residence, Oak Bank Farm, Quamichan, yesterday. The deceased was a native of Forfarshire, Scotland, aged 74 years, and was well known in Victoria and at Cowichan. He was highly respected by all.

Kootenay Steamers.

A telegram was received to-day from Capt. Troop, manager of the Columbia and Kootenay Navigation Co., stating that the steamers would make three trips per week from Little Dalles to Robson, connecting at the latter place for Nelson. This arrangement will take effect immediately. Mails can now be forwarded to Nelson via this route.

A Brutal Assault.

A Chinaman with his face covered with blood and his two eyes blackened called at the provincial office last evening and stated that a whiteman had entered his cabin in Esquimalt district and almost beat him to death. His chest was also bruised and he showed numerous signs of bad treatment. Officer McNeil went out this afternoon to hunt up the man who committed the assault.

The Boscowitz Arrives.

The Barbara Boscowitz arrived from the north this morning after a very pleasant trip, the weather being splendid. She brought no news of importance. The following passengers came down: M. Romander, C. Romander, Mrs. Hopkins and three children, E. Munson, G. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Martin, F. Terry, J. McDonald, A. Larch and two Indians. She brought down a lot of cedar lumber and box wook.

Died in China.

News has been received from China of the death of Mee Wah, one of the first Chinamen to come to British Columbia. He came to Victoria in 1858, and went into a laundry business, retiring last May to go to his native country, where he died in November last. He was well known to all old timers. His last place of business was on Douglas street, opposite the City Hall. When Mee Wah left China it was hardly known to the civilized world, and a Chinaman was quite a curiosity on the coast.

Railroad Men Visiting.

A party of railroad men and their families from St. Paul and Kansas City arrived from the Sound last evening on the City of Seattle. They were escorted by Walter Oakes, son of President Oakes of the Northern Pacific. They were here only a short while, but made good use of the time in looking around the city. They evidently formed a good opinion of the city as one remarked that very often when citizens of the Sound cities spent a million dollars it went up like smoke, but when a few thousand was spent in Victoria it was done in a business like way and the effect was lasting.

A Grief-Stricken Family.

Mrs. Ellen Mullins, mother of Mrs. Bowman, who was buried yesterday, died very suddenly this morning of heart failure brought on by excessive grief for the loss of her daughter. The death was a very sudden and sad one, the poor old lady, who had been hysterical since the death of her daughter, dropping dead without a moment's warning. It was only a short time ago that the deceased lady's son died of heart disease, leaving three children parentless and who are now being taken care of by their aunt, Mrs. Nelson, of Vancouver. She will also take care of the three little ones left by Mrs. Bowman, until their father returns from a sealing cruise, where he now is. The late Mrs. Mullins was a native of Ireland, aged 84 years.

Standard Works.

See prices in the windows of Kerr & Begg's bookstore this week. *

Trout Fishing.

Season opens on the 15th. For fine fishing tackle go to Fox's 78 Govt. St.

The Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel will be re-opened on March 1st. Rooms by the day, week, or month. Per night 50c. and upwards. Offices to rent. GEO. ASHTON, prop. *

The Chicago Cheap Store Wins.

Seed and early rose potatoes, 85cts per sack; butter 10cts, A 1 creamery, 3 lbs. 90cts; 2 lbs good cooking raisins 15cts; English breakfast tea, 25cts per pound, Japan, $1.25cts 5 pound box; oranges 10cts per doz.; good cheese 10c. Don't forget the number, 130 Yates street. H. P. JACOBSON. *

The Natural History Society.

The annual meeting of the Natural History Society of British Columbia was held at the provincial museum last evening, when officers were elected for the ensuing year and arrangements made for carrying on the work of the society. The officers chosen were: President, Ashdowne Green; vice-presidents, Dr. Hanington and O. C. Hastings; treasurer, C. Lowenberg; librarian, Dr. Hasell; curator, J. Fannin; general committee, Messrs. Maynard, Hanington and McTavish.

It was decided to hold the usual field meetings during the coming season, and, as in the past, to discuss papers on any points of interest relating to natural history. Dr. Newcombe, who is at present on his way from the old country, has completed arrangements whereby specimens may be exchanged with the leading museums of the old world.

The Empress of India Arrives.

The Empress of India arrived at the outer wharf last night about eight o'clock, after making the run from Yokohama in 11 days and 18 hours. The voyage was a very pleasant one for those on board, the weather being all that could be desired. She carried 42 saloon passengers and 192 Chinese for Victoria and 170 for Vancouver. Her freight was 2000 tons, mostly for the Eastern States, 10 carloads of silk being a part of the cargo. The steamer Maude relieved the Empress of her passengers for this city. The passenger list is as follows: Saloon—Mr. Ashton, Prof. and Mrs. Baldwin, H. Brock, M. R. Calvert, Mr. Cummings, the Earl of Dundonald, Hon. and Mrs. Fellows, the Misses Fellows, H. T. S. Green, J. H. Gulick, Rev. and Mrs. D. W. Herring and family, Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Jones, Miss Kinney, W. L. Matthews, Geo. E. Miller, Dr. and Mrs. Parker, T. W. Power, Mr. and Mrs. Rivensburg and child, C. S. Samuel, J. N. Seymour, Col. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Wheelock, Comm. Woods, R.N., Mr. Yapp. Second saloon—Miss Marie Ambuhl, Mr. and Mrs. Bell, Miss Bell, J. H. LeBrun, Miss Delroy, R. Dixey, Rev. Mr. Draper, Mrs. George, Mr. Gray, Dr. and Mrs. Hammond and child, Mr. Hilfside, C. D. Loftus, Mr. and Mrs. Lyandet and child, B. Marbaugh, A. Phillips, Frederick Poole, Mr. Tatlow, Capt. Vickery, E. W. Walker and Mr. Wyatt.

SAILORS VERSUS POLICE.

An Officer of H.M.S. Daphne Explains the Trouble at Vancouver.

The explanation of the unfortunate occurrence in Vancouver harbor last Friday, when some men of H.M.S. Daphne assaulted two police officers, as given by the officers of that vessel yesterday to a reporter places the matter in a much clearer light than the accounts published in the Vancouver papers. The first lieutenant of the Daphne said that the men obtained general leave on Thursday and their prompt return to duty so pleased the captain that he granted shore leave to four good-conduct men and a petty officer. These did not return to the ship at 9 p.m. as ordered, and a searching party went ashore to find them. They refused to come aboard. Next morning the £3 per capita was offered for their return. The delinquents state, and the officers of the ship believe, that Chief MacLaren and a policeman of the Vancouver force told the sailors to go quietly aboard and no claim would be made for the money. This the men did. Shortly afterwards the police came off, claimed the reward and received it. As they were on the accommodation ladder, leaving the ship, one of the seamen asked them what they meant by deceiving them. No reply was made and the assault immediately followed. It was all over in a few seconds. At the call to quarters every man was at his post in a moment. The officers do not wish to shield the men for what they have done, but it was only human to expect that men earning small wages should feel exasperation and desire for summary vengeance upon those whose perfidious conduct had cheated them out of a large portion of it. One of the men in explaining the affair to the first lieutenant, expressed the feelings of the British man o' warsman to perfection, when he said, "do you think, sir, that six able-bodied men would let two policemen take them quietly down to a boat if they thought they were going to claim the reward?

Capt. Wood of the Daphne, is very angry over the affair on account of the offenders being his best men, and just as the ship is going out of commission. Four of the men have been reduced in rank, and deprived of their good conduct badges, and one reduced from petty officer to common seaman. Two are still in cells and will probably be punished severely. The officers think that the conduct of the Vancouver papers regarding the affair is scandalous, and that a large proportion of the Vancouver people sympathize with the seamen.

Many beautiful photographs have been produced at the Queen's Art Studio, 43 Fort street. Do not fail to see the specimens in the windows, they are gems, both as photography and works of art. We recommend all to to the Queen's Art Studio. *

THE ADELPHI BUILDING.

A Palatial Structure of Stone, Iron and Brick Soon to be Erected Here

It Will Contain Several New Departures in its General Characteristics.

Another splendid architectural ornament is soon to be added to the many fine edifices that Victoria boasts. The Adelphi building to be erected at the corner of Yates and Government streets will be second to none in the province for beauty and commodiousness when completed. Mr. Cole Woodall of 60 Yates street prepared the plans to the order of Hon. Theo. Davie, and they show a building in every way admirable. It will remain a credit to Victoria for many years. The structure is to be composed of the most durable materials, brick, stone and iron, the latter playing a prominent part in the composition of the building. In fact the entire superstructure of the first two stories is to be composed entirely of iron and steel, with finishings of brick and stone, making this building the first of its kind in the city, and as nearly fire proof as it is possible to make a building.

The structure will be three storeys high, but it is understood that two more are to be added when found necessary. The first storey will consist of three stores on Government street and one on Yates street. The entrance to the offices in the upper floors is on Government stree; a similar entrance on Yates street leads down to the basement. The first storey is to be entirely of stone, the whole resting on massive yet elegant piers of beautiful light gray stone, which will carry chaste designs from the sculptor's chisel. This will give the building a grandly solid appearance, well borne out by the facts; for behind the stone work, iron and steel columns are built in, giving the structure a strength far beyond the ordinary modern block. The second storey will be of stone and terra cotta, the ornamentation consisting of terra cotta panels and graceful columns, flat and half round, fluted and plain, and carrying Corinthian and other ornate capitals. The third storey is to be of brick, stone and terra cotta, producing a lighter appearance than the massive solidity of the lower storeys. All the windows will be of plate and bevelled glass; the general finishings on the same first class scale. The style of architecture is a very pleasing mixture of the more favorite classes, but yet not of that questionable order known as the Romanesque; which bears the same relation to legitimate architectural style that dog Latin bears to Latin proper.

The basement is to be something princely in its dimensions and finishings. Decending the magnificent marble staircase with its gorgeously carved oak balustrade, from the Yates street entrance, the visitor will find himself in a spacious apartment; almost realising the imaginative splendors of Aladdin's cave. The floor, of marble tiles, will be most tastefully offset by the deep, warm shades of the oak panelling which will extend from floor to ceiling, and display elaborate carvings. This apartment is to be fitted up as a first class saloon for Mr. Croft, and with the fixtures, crystal, colored glass and silverware, will be one of the sights of Victoria.

The upper floors are to be entirely devoted to offices. Gas and electric light throughout the building will give the occupants a sufficiency of modern illumination. In each office there will be a marble wash basin with hot and cold water. These conveniences will be distributed throughout the whole building, something new here. Speaking tubes will connect every room in the building with the vestibule. The heating is to be of the most modern description and extending to every section of the edifice. The contract for the iron work has been let to the Albion Iron Works. Work will begin almost immediately and be rushed forward as fast as circumstances will permit. It is expected that the building will be ready for occupation some time in the fall.

Mr. Woodall, the architect, has produced a grand specimen of the work he can do and may feel a justifiable pride when he sees the structure finished, one of the handsomest buildings in the province.

THE CONTRACT LET.

The general contract for the building was let this afternoon to Ald. M. Humber & Sons. Although the interested parties will not say what the price is, it is thought to be in the neighborhood of $45,000.

Police Court.

A white man was fined $75 for supplying an Indian woman with liquor: Young Wan was committed to stand his trial for the larceny of $420 from Mattie Davis; Robert Mason was fined $1 for not "moving on" when ordered by a policeman; and several minor offences were dismissed or remanded.

Trade Notice.

The attention of the trade is called on to mind the auction sale of boots and shoes at R. Maynard's, corner of Johnson and Douglas streets, to-morrow at 11 a.m., sharp. 1t

Men Wanted.

One hundred men are wanted to clear and grade streets at Barclay. Apply at No. 9 Trounce Avenue. *

Three complete lines of fine cut bar glassware at Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

□ Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

THE VERDICT

All advertisers indorse the TIMES as the best advertising medium.

Are you in it?

SPENCER'S ARCADE

MILLINERY OPENING

Thursday, March 17.

Miss Lazenby has returned with New York, Toronto and Chicago novelties, which we will show with the latest Paris and London styles secured by our London buyer.

D. SPENCER, - Government St.

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FOR CHOICEST

CARPETS, WILTONS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY.

Elegant Line of White Lace and Swiss Curtains.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE COMPANY.

66 TO 68 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Men Wanted.

One hundred men are wanted to clear and grade streets at Barclay. Apply at No. 9 Trounce Avenue. *

A Fashionable Drink.

Menier Chocolate is a fashionable drink. Did you ever try it? Send postal card for samples and directions to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal.

RUDGE BICYCLES.

C. A. Godson, sole agent for Victoria. Terms on application. Wheels always on hand, to be seen at sample room 43½ Yates street. m21-7m

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IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE

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IF YOU DON'T GET YOUR JEWELERY MANUFACTURED & YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED AT KINGHAM & MINOR'S WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER JEWELERY INTO ANY SHAPE OR FORM. YOU FURNISH THE IDEA, WE DO THE REST. REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED, CHARGES MODERATE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED AT KINGHAM & MINOR'S 49 GOVERNMENT ST.

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PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties. We have secured the services of Mr. R. H. Cavill, formerly of Swansea, where he was for five years connected with the Swansea Smelter. Mr. Cavill's practical experience as manager for the past 17 years, in some of the foremost mines and mills in California, Arizona, Mexico and Central America, together with his Swansea experience, gives him a thorough knowledge of the treatment and best methods of working refractory ores.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

KASLO CITY

The Centre of the Great Kootenay Mining District in B.C.

This young and thriving City is situated on Kootenay Lake at the mouth of Kaslo River, within close proximity to the famous Kaslo and Slocan mines.

The discoveries during the present year of numerous mines of remarkably rich ore and great width on Kaslo river and east of Slocan Lake are well known to the public. They have attracted the attention of capitalists and miners all over the continent, and there is no question that these mines, which are tributary to KASLO CITY, will receive more attention than those of any other section of Kootenay.

A spacious hotel has been built for the accommodation of travelers. Stores and other buildings have also been erected. The townsite is being cleared and streets graded so as to forward the large amount of building that will be in progress as soon as material is secured for construction. A trail has been built to the mines, which will be replaced by a wagon road as soon as the work can be prosecuted. The grade to the mines is an easy one. An application for a charter to build a railway line into the mines from Kaslo will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. Everything is being done that circumstances will permit to give easy access to the mines and furnish supplies for the miners. KASLO CITY will have a large population this summer. It will become the supply depot for the richest mining section yet discovered in British Columbia. Unlike many mountain towns, it is most favorably situated on a gentle slope from the waters of a sheltered bay on Kootenay Lake, and is supplied for domestic and manufacturing purposes, by a large stream of pure cold water.

If you wish to participate in the profits that enchanced values will bring don't fail to invest in Kaslo City. Lots are on sale at the offices of all the Leading Real Estate Brokers in the Province.

IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS

WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA.

Call or send for further particulars.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY (Limited.

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The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS For Sale on Easy Terms.

NOTICE

COMMENCING TUESDAY, MARCH 15TH, the steamer "City of Seattle" will be laid up for repairs, being succeeded on the Whatcom Route by the steamer "Premier." On the same date the steamer "Eliza Anderson" will be taken off the Everett Route.

G. G. CHANDLER, G. F. & P. A.

mh17-ap1

—:NEW:—

JAPANESE GOODS

Just received by last steamer, consisting of all kinds of Silk Goods, Tea Sets, Vases, Trays, Cabinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, Tables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of prices, Brassware, etc. The finest lot of Japanese Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST

THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

License Questions Discussed in Committee on the Municipal Bills.

An Act to Encourage the Deep Sea Fisheries of British Columbia Introduced.

It is Proposed to Form a Company for the Settling of Fishermen in British Columbia.

MONDAY, 21st March, 1892.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. Robson presented returns showing the attendance at the various schools.

RAILWAY COMMITTEE REPORT.

Col. Baker presented a report of the Railway Committee, reporting the preamble printed in the Act to incorporate the Canadian Northern Railway, and submitted the bill with amendments. The report was received.

MUNICIPAL BILLS.

The House again went into Committee on the Municipal Bills, Mr. McKenzie in the chair.

Section 174 of the Municipal Act, 1891, was amended on motion of Mr. Beaven, by adding the following subsections:

(*a.*) The term "block or blocks of land" shall mean a block as numbered or lettered on the map or plan of the land deposited in the Land Registry Office, and the term "lot" shall be a lot as shown on the said map, or as shown by any subdivision of the said lot, on a map subdividing the said lot, and so deposited:

(*b.*) The term "resident householder" shall mean—

(1.) Any head of a family who occupies a house with his family for at least 90 days before signing the petition, and who is in occupation of the house when the Board consider the application to grant the license: and

(2.) Any person who rents a store or place of business, and who has carried on business therein for at least 90 days before signing the petition, and who is the tenant or occupant of the place of business at the time the Board consider the application to grant the license.

Section 178 was also amended on motion of Mr. Beaven, to grant the board of licensing commissioners power to call for the production of any document in the possession or power of the applicant for a license which they, or any one of them, may think necessary for determining a question and shall examine the party or the witnesses on oath, and power to administer oaths necessary for that purpose.

Hon. Mr. Beaven offered the following amendment to section 180, referring to liquor licenses: (a.) In the event of the premises named in such license being destroyed by fire, torn down, removed, or closed for the purpose of rebuilding or improvement, it shall be lawful for the board of licensing commissioners to grant to the holder of such license permission to sell liquor under authority of the license in any other premises in the immediate vicinity thereof.

This amendment carried.

Hon. Mr. Davie proposed to amend this amendment so that after rebuilding has been completed, the license shall be issued in the name of the owner of the new building, or some person satisfactory to the owner of the said building.

Mr. Beaven contended that if this clause were added it would practically make a license a vested right.

Col. Baker wanted to know if it were proposed to grant the licenses to the premises, the owners of premises or tenants of premises. It was necessary to know who owned the license.

Mr. Booth was in favor of recognizing a prior right to licenses.

Mr. Sword maintained that the proper course to pursue when a party owned a building occupied as a hotel or saloon for which a second person held a license, and the owner of the premises tore these down and erected a new building the license should be cancelled.

The attorney-general said he did not propose that the law should acknowledge any vested right in the matter of licenses; but he thought that in cases where men improved their premises at great cost, sometimes, even though another party held a license on the premises before its improvement, when the work of improvement was completed the license should revert to the new premises.

Mr. Kitchen said it looked as if the attorney-general had some property, the value of which he wished to enhance, by making it certain that he could secure a license for the premises.

Hon. Mr. Davie repudiated this insinuation, and said that he had property on which he had given a lease, but on such conditions, that if no licence were procured, the lease would lapse. He would be much benefitted if the lease would lapse, as in that case he could rent the same property for 25 per cent. more, than with a saloon.

Mr. Sword contended that a license should lapse when owner and tenant parted.

Mr. Rogers suggested as a remedy that licenses should be granted to certain lots, instead of to persons and premises.

Mr. Hall pointed out that Mr. Sword's plan would leave the owners of premises at the mercy of tenants.

Mr. Brown opposed Mr. Davie's amendment, and supported Mr. Sword's contention.

Mr. Davie's amendment was put and carried.

On motion of Mr. Beaven section 181 was amended, requiring that in making application for transfer of license the name of the person holding the license must be signed to the notice.

Section 189 was also amended on motion of Mr. Beaven, requiring the applicant for a license to deposit with the clerk of the municipal council 14 days before the sitting of the board of licensing commissioners, a petition for such license as required by the law at present. Also requiring a map or plan of block and a list of the names of resident leaseholders and their wives (if any) to be produced in court.

On motion of Mr. Kitchen the following amendment was made:

To insert as 189 (a): "No new license shall be granted for the sale of any wine, spirits, beer, or other fermented or intoxicating liquor under authority of sub-section (1), or (3), or (5) of section 166 in any city municipality, containing a population of less than 1000, unless, in addition to the other requirements and provisions in that behalf required by law, a petition or requisition for the granting of such license, signed by at least two-thirds of the lot owners and resident householders, and the wives of such lot owners and resident householders living with them, within the city municipality in which the premises sought to be licensed are situate, shall be presented to the Board of Licensing Commissioners shall not be bound to grant such license if, in the opinion of a majority of the members of the Board then present, the public interests justify a refusal."

Hon. Mr. Davie proposed to amend sections 180 and 191, laying down the principle that licenses shall be deemed an appurtenance of preimses, but shall not be deemed a vested right. The amendment was not printed, however, and was withdrawn for the time being.

The committee then rose and reported progress.

CROFTER COLONIZATION.

Hon. Mr. Robson presented messages from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, recommending to the House a bill to encourage deep sea fishing of British Columbia, and a bill to authorize an agreement with Her Majesty's Government for the settling of fishermen and others in British Columbia.

The bills were read by Mr. Speaker, and on motion of Hon. Mr. Robson it was decided that the messages should be considered in committee of the whole on Tuesday.

Hon. Mr. Davie presented a petition from certain mechanics in Victoria.

The House then adjourned.

IN THE INTERIOR.

Events in the Kamloops, Revelstoke and Okanagan Districts—Mining Progress.

From the Kamloops Sentinel.

A misunderstanding as to where the bridge across the Thompson should be located seems to have got down to Victoria and appears to be embarrassing Mr. Martin's action in the matter. It is all a mistake to suppose that more than one bridge is wanted. The people are unanimously in favor of the present ferry-crossing as the location for the bridge. Some people in speaking of the matter say "North Thompson," because that is the district which is to be accommodated by the bridge, but there are no two bridges spoken of here—the only intimation of that nature which has thus far been heard of comes from Victoria. And so far as we are advised, every man who signed the petition forwarded to Mr. Martin stands loyally by his signature. We do not believe that there are any of the kind of men here who publicly sign a petition for effect, and then privately repudiate it.

A Finlander named Carlston last week attempted to break into sectionman Carlson's house at Sicamous. The latter pushed Carlston away. He then pulled a knife and stabbed Carlson twice in the back and once in the right arm. Dr. Edgar dressed the wounds, pronouncing them deep and painful but not dangerous. Carlston is still at large and was last seen near Tappen Siding. G. C. Tunstall, Government Agent, appointed H. Mitchell as special constable, and the latter is after Carlston. This man served 13 years in his own country for murder.

T. Barton, road superintendent for Lillooet and Cariboo district, arrived in from Clinton this morning. He reports matters very quiet in the way of placer mining, which cannot be expected to move before spring is further advanced. There is much activity at the Forks of Quesnelle, in receiving and putting in the new machinery of the Victoria hydraulic Company. The machinery for the Slough Creek Company is well on towards its destination. The South Forks Company, on the South Fork of the Quesnelle, in which Mr. Barton is a stockholder, will start up early in April. John Barker, the manager of the works, is now on the way out from Victoria. They expect to get thoroughly fitted up the fore part of the summer, and will probably make a run of several weeks the latter part of the season. A trail is projected from the head of Seaton Lake to the South Fork of Bridge River, about 40 miles in length and will be constructed the coming season. It will be a great benefit to the settlers and miners in that section. Mr. Barton will return to Clinton immediately, his trip here having been taken to provide road-carts for use on the roads in his district. Not having seen Kamloops for twelve years previous to this visit, Mr. Barton is greatly and agreeably surprised at the change in the town.

From the Revelstoke Star.]

Mr. W. R. Chestney and J. R. Nigh of Victoria, who were engaged here all last week in building a scow, started early on Monday morning down the river for Nelson. They will not travel at night, but will set up their tent ashore and intend to thoroughly enjoy themselves on the way down.

On Wednesday night, shortly after 7 o'clock, a brilliant meteor illuminated the eastern sky for the space of several seconds, the light casting a glare as strong as that from a full moon. It appeared as large as an orange, of a bluish tint, and after describing an arc of about two degrees it broke into fragments just over the peak of Mount Mackenzie.

Messrs. C. A. Crockett, W. B. Pool and John Stauber, having built a boat in Abrahamson's yard, launched her on the river this morning and sailed for the Lardean. They will prospect the mine during the summer on the Lardeau River. Messrs. Crockett and Pool intend to take up land, if they can find any suitable, and become subjects of her Britannic Majesty.

Edward Adlair arrived up on Thursday from his ranch near the entrance of the Columbia into the Arrow Lake. He reports the river clear of ice, and the snow around his section has almost disappeared, his cattle having been feeding out for the last two weeks. His stock is in fine condition, and has not perceptibly failed any during the winter. He says it has not cost him $3 a head to winter his oxen, as he had to feed them for only two months. He intends getting a small herd of cows very shortly.

From the Vernon News.]

On Friday the directors of the Okanagan Land & Development Co., at the instance of Mr. Price Ellison, decided to grant an entire block (2½ acres) on Seventh street, on the south side of Long lake creek, as a site for the proposed local hospital, in lieu of the three lots formerly donated by them for the same purpose.

Now that the weather is becoming warm, residents of Vernon may look forward to the edifying spectacle of hogs of all sorts, sizes and conditions lying in the irrigation ditches which form the principal water supply of the town. And yet there are some individuals who declare that hogs do no harm running around the town, and that waterworks are not needed.

Messrs. Ellis and Shorts have sold the ss. Penticton to Lequime Bros., of the Mission, the purchase consideration being in excess of $5000. An inspection of her was made by Mr. L. Lequime and P. J. Gooding, when Mr. Ellis was up from Penticton on the 14th inst., and her machinery was found to be in first class order. She will now make regular trips to Penticton, calling at the Mission and Trout Creek en route—certainly twice and probably thrice a week. The ss. Okanagan will also run regularly to the Mission. Lequime Bros. intend removing the present deck-houses on the Penticton and substituting wider cabins, etc. Mr. P. J. Gooding, of the Okanagan sawmill, will be general manager of both boats. The work of making the proposed alterations will be commenced at once.

Mrs. E. Greenhow is about to erect on the site of her present house what will be the finest residence in the valley. It will be a two-storey building, the plans of which were got out by Mr. G. W. Grant, architect, of New Westminster. The cost will be between $6,000 and $7,000.

Mr. Norman McDonald has sold his farm of 66 acres near Mission creek to Mr. Thompson, a gentleman lately from Manitoba, for the sum of $40 per acre.

Occasional flocks of geese have been seen on their annual migration.

Messrs. Williams & Campbell have opened up a meat market at Aberdeen.

On the Coldstream estate 250 acres of wheat and 250 acres of oats will be sown this spring.

The Chinese have already begun preparing the ground for planting out their vegetables.

Mr. Manson McMillan has done considerable development work on his mineral claims at Fairview Camp. The Old Bard claim is now known as the Silver Bow No. 1, and his other two claims he has called Silver Bow Nos. 2 and 3 respectively. Messrs. F. K. Pugh, sheriff of Spokane county, Wash., and F. M. Pugh, deputy sheriff, own ⅓ interest in No. 1 and ½ interest in the other two, which are new claims.

They are called after Silver Bow county, Montana, in which Butte is situated. No. 1 claim contains a cross vein of free milling gold ore, over six feet wide. A shaft has been sunk 40 feet and some splendid looking ore taken out. The vein runs close to the lines of the Silver Crown, north and south. No. 2 is a southern extension of the Silver Crown. No. 3 abuts both on the Silver Crown and Brown Bear, which have both been bonded—the Silver Crown by Messrs. Mead & Simpson for 30 days to Thos. Ewing of Seattle, and the Brown Bear to Prof. Riley of Loomiston. A very rich body of gold and silver-bearing ore has lately been struck on the Silver Crown, which has put all previous finds at Fairview completely in the shade, the assay of one specimen of rock sent to Tacoma exceeding $5000 to the ton. The tunnel is now in 65 feet. The five stamp quartz mine is being erected on the Rattler claim, and two shifts will be put on as soon as the mill is in operation. The ore is the same as that of the Silver Crown. The owners, Messrs. Mankin & Carr, traded one-third interest in the claim to O. M. Dutton of Spokane, for the quartz mill. The saw mill lately put up on Reed Creek by N. Thull, is turning out lots of lumber. The boarding house, store and restaurant are doing a good business. The only claim on which work has been carried on all winter is the Morning Star, on which a deep shaft has been sunk by Messrs. S. Mangott and D. McEachran; it is the south-east extension of the Silver Crown. Adjoining it is the Evening Star, purchased by the late A. V. Stronach from M. Otter a short time previous to his departure for the east—a mere prospect hole, for $500. The rumor is prevalent in the lower country that "Okanagan" Smith, of orchard fame, the only settler on the Colville Indian reservation, representative of Okanagan county, who resides at the south-east corner of Osooyos Lake, has closed the sale of all his mineral claims in the Palmer Mountain section (within 14 miles of Loomiston) to a syndicate of Seattle and Tacoma capitalists for the sum of $300,000. According to the agreement, a smelter of 300 tons per day capacity is to be erected on the Similkameen River (in Washington), about 5½ miles south-east of Mr. Richter's property. If true, this will be a great boon for the miners and mine owners on both sides of the line.

The Latest.

Photographs on handkerchiefs, book marks, etc., will not break, wash out or fade, see samples at Jones & Co., 60 Yates street.

Men Wanted.

One hundred men are wanted to clear and grade streets at Barclay. Apply at No. 9 Trounce Avenue.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established in 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP.....$12,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....6.000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....506,371
HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL.
SIR DONALD A. SMITH, President, HON. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-President.
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.
Branches and Correspondents in all the leading Cities of the World.
Victoria Branch: Corner Bastion and Government Streets.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
Savings Bank Department.—Deposits of $4.00 and upwards received, and interest allowed at the highest current rates.
NELSON, KOOTENAY DISTRICT, B.C.
A branch of the Bank at this point is now ready for business.
A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.

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CARPETING
Lace Curtains
Guipure d'Art Curtains
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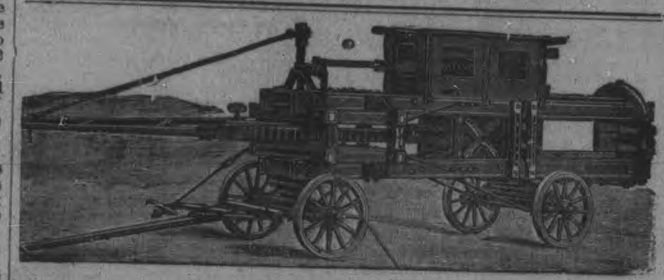
Art Squares
WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St.


THE ABOVE CUT SHOWS
ROBINSON'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SWEEP LEVER PERPETUAL PRESS
With Patent Double Condensing Hopper.
NICHOLLES & RENOUF, 61 Yates St., Victoria,
Send for Circulars and Price Lists. SOLE AGENTS for British Columbia

—THE—
VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.
(LIMITED)
Corner Yates and Government Streets
(UPSTAIRS)
is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as
MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, LABELS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, ETC., ETC.
Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

NOTICE.
HAVING ACQUIRED ALL THE STOCK and interest of the Vancouver Island Land and Investment Co., Limited, the business will in future be carried on in my own name.
mh8-1m HENRY CROFT.

FOR SALE:
The Fast Trotting Horse
"SILVERTAIL"
Record 2:31½, got in a race on the Prairie Park track, Winnipeg, against such good horses as "Sharper" 2:19½, "Sleepy Jim" and "Idaho." Since then he has been used as a driver. Has shown trials in 2:23 on mile track; can trot a half-mile track with six weeks' handling in 2:26 or better.
The owner will sell cheap as he is retiring from the trotting horse business. For particulars apply to
R. F. TOLMIE,
mh7-1m 16 Trounce avenue, Victoria, B.C.

MUNN & CO.
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for
PATENTS
A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.
OPTICIANS.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES
Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, and all kind of Optical Instruments.
The Correct Adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses our specialty.
We are not jewelers (simply dealing in glasses) but the ONLY OPTICIANS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.
37 FORT ST.

RE ESTATE OF ABEL BESWICK, DECEASED.
Valuable City Lot for Sale
ALL THAT PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND, including the erections thereon, consisting of dwelling house, stable and carriage shed, situated immediately behind the City Hall, and having frontage on both Pandora and Cormorant streets, being described upon the map of Victoria as Lot 1251.
Tenders (terms cash) to be sent to the undersigned not later than Friday, March 25th, 1892.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
THOMAS BURTON,
mh11-2w 22 Kingston street, James Bay.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 13, - - - Turner Block,
ap22

DRAWING.
The 56th drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Wednesday, the 23rd March, 1892, at 8 p.m.
See that your shares are in good standing.
B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1892. td

NOTICE.
TO CARPENTERS, PLUMBERS AND OTHERS.
TENDERS ARE REQUIRED for certain alterations, additions and repairs to No. 53 Belleville street, James Bay.
Plans and specifications may be seen at my office, where tenders will be received up till 12 o'clock noon of Saturday, March 26th, 1892.
The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
J. GERHARD TIARKS, Architect.
28½ Government street, March 21st, 1892. 21-td

GUARANTEED!
The Best Cigars in the Market.
INVINCIBLE SPOTS
RIALTO
PEG-TOP and L.O.G.
L. O. GROTHE & CO.
MONTREAL. ev27 1y

TO LEASE.
UPON A FIVE OR TEN YEARS' TERM, the well-known brewery, goodwill and plant, and also the residence adjoining the brewery, now owned by Mrs. A. J. Bunster, and situated on Johnson street, Victoria, for the reasonable rental of $110 per month, the lessee to pay the annual taxes thereon. Possession to be given on the 1st of August, 1892. Early applications are solicited, as the owner intends leaving this coast for a home in New York city at an early date. All applications to be directed to Mrs. A. J. Bunster, 414 Golden Gate avenue, San Francisco, and will receive prompt attention. fe22-tf

FARM FOR SALE.
A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
fe22-1m 55 Third street, Victoria.

JAPANESE GOODS
You should see the cute curios and pretty ornaments in the
NEW JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Twenty per cent. discount on all goods for two weeks only.
J. M. NAGANO & CO.
80 DOUGLAS ST.

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILLS
Self-Raising Patent Flour
Manufactured by the Hungarian Roller Process from the best Manitoba Hard Wheat for
BREAD, BISCUITS, PASTRY, ETC.,
Prepared on scientific chemical principles, and no deleterious substance used in its manufacture.
For the Housekeeper, Sportsman, Rancher, Mining Camp or Seafaring man it is a invaluable article for producing in a few minutes wholesome Bread, Biscuits, Cakes, etc. Only Cold Water is needed to be added, and, for convenience and wholesomeness,
IT -:- CANNOT -:- BE -:- SURPASSED.
fa18-tf

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts
No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

FARM TO LET.
Rosebank Farm, North Saanich
Containing 300 acres, of which 130 (more or less) are under cultivation, fine Orchard, Dwelling, Barns and other outbuildings. Immediate possession.
RENT $600 PER ANNUM.
APPLY TO
Lowenberg, Harris & Co.
mh2-1m

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. O BOX 861

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
Has removed to No. 137 Cormorant St., above Blanchard.
fe27-tf

USEFUL INFORMATION.

How to Stain and Wax Floors and do Many Other Things.

The simplest way to apply staining to floors is to put it on with an ordinary paint brush. It is better to apply several coats, in order to get the desired tint. When this has been reached, melt some wax and mix in enough turpentine to make it when it cools a little harder than fresh butter. This mixture must be kept in a tightly stopped bottle or jar, and may be dug out with a broad bladed knife. To apply it place it in small lumps on a rubber made of rags and covered with coarse cotton. With this it is lightly rubbed on the wood. Then make a wooden rubber of soft wood, with a handle like that on a scrubbing brush. The lower edges of the rubber are rounded, of course, and it will be found easy to work if it be attached to a long broom handle by a stout strap iron hinge. With this give the floor a good rubbing until the wax is forced into the wood. If bare spots are seen put on more wax. When this process is finished go over it all with a stiff brush, which will polish it until it shines. Floors do not require to be waxed and rubbed more than once in three months, unless they become worn in spots, and these can be "patched" in a few minutes. But they cannot be polished with the brush too often. When kept properly they should always shine.

How to Make Rheumatic Liniment.

Take two ounces sassafras oil, one ounce tincture of prickly ash, one ounce tincture of cayenne and one ounce hemlock oil. Rub the parts affected vigorously. A few applications will relieve the pain, but it is not claimed to be a permanent cure.

How to Make Lemon Flavor at Home.

The oil of the lemon peel is contained in the cells of the outer, yellow rind, and can readily be obtained by rubbing it off with pieces of loaf sugar, which absorb the oil. A fine extract can be made by paring off the yellow portion of the lemon rind. Place in a bottle of rectified spirits of wine, cork tight and steep two weeks. The proportion of parings to spirit should be as four to five by weight.

How to Teach Tricks to Cats.

Cats are more difficult to teach than are any other animals. Still, patience, perseverance and food will go a long way. The best food to use is fish, and the kitten should not be too hungry. To train kittens to dance you first teach them to sit up by holding bits of food just above them. Then hold the finger only as soon as they rise readily to the food, and reward them for lifting the forefeet from the floor. Move the finger to one side and feed the kitten just as soon as it turns the body. Move the finger to the other side, and keep this up until when your finger moves the kitten will move its body with it. The next step is to make the kitten stand on its hind feet. At first you must support it for a second, feeding it for retaining the position. At last the kitten will stand and bow to the right and left when you merely move your finger, and this is called dancing. Of course when giving the lessons you will see that you are alone in the room with your little pupil, as the presence of any one else will distract the kitten's attention. Do not punish it, no matter how slow it may be.

How to Make "Ivory" Harness Polish.

Mix ivory black with copal varnish. The best method of mixing is to rub the black with a small quantity of the varnish until it is all moistened, and then add a sufficient quantity of the varnish to reduce it to the proper degree of consistency. This black, being elastic, can be used upon collars as well as other parts of the harness and as a renovator for carriage tops, etc.

How to Select Sandpaper.

When about to buy sandpaper, rub your finger roughly over the surface to see if the sand is well secured. Then tear the corner to test its strength. If poorly made or rotten, don't buy it.

How to Train a Setter.

Three things are necessary to remember in training any dog—first, what he most desires; second, what he most fears, and third, that instinct will lead him certainly to certain results.

Your dog desires food more than anything else, and the person who feeds him most is to his apprehension his best friend. Therefore feed him yourself. Be cruel with him for a time in order to be kinder afterward. Starve him for two days, tying him up and giving him nothing whatever but water during that time. Then feed him. You won't have to do this more than two or three times.

Pain is the only thing he fears. After he has learned to love you, make him fear you. Keep a stout whip always at hand and thrash him heartily for every fault, especially for disobedience to your orders, but never strike him excepting at the moment of the offense; otherwise he will not understand the pain and it will do him no good.

Teach him to retrieve when he is a puppy. You can do this readily and easily after having taught him always to come to you at call. Use a rubber ball which he will run after without coaxing, and which he will bring at call after he has learned that a call back must always be obeyed. Never allow him to disobey this or any other command that he can understand without prompt punishment. Pat his head and speak kindly when he obeys.

Take him in the field with an old dog already broken, and if his breed is good and his nose not diseased he will follow scent by instinct and mimic the old dog in all his maneuvers. The only thing to guard against is his roving too far afield. He will learn the field words of command by seeing the old dog obey them, and after two or three trials will retrieve your birds.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

AN ISLAND DISCOVERED.

The Domain of His Majesty, the Emperor of Japan, Augmented.

A remarkable story is told by a Chinese paper concerning an island recently discovered to the south of Kakai island. The story briefly is as follows: Some years ago a Satsuma man discovered the island and proceeded there in a small boat, taking with him his own family and also another. He promised relatives and friends that when the families had become three in number instead of two, a bamboo should be cast adrift with three cuts upon it, that another bamboo should be sent with five cuts upon it when the families attained that number, and so on, in order that those at home might know how the settlers on the island were progressing. Nothing more, however, was heard of the settlers till the beginning of the present year, when a bamboo tube with eight cuts upon it drifted ashore at Satsuma. Thus reminded of the departed families, the old residents who had been alive when the two pioneer families left Satsuma for their new home made application to the naval authorities for the dispatch of a man-of-war to the island. The story, however, seemed incredible, and the request was not acceded to. Recently, however, a report was received from the United States navy department that one or two of the United States men-of-war had seen an island near Kakai island, which was neither described on the English nor Japanese charts, and that one of the vessels had approached within three miles of the island. The report corresponding with the story told by the Satsuma people, the Japanese naval authorities decided to send the training vessel Kongo to the place to investigate.

Jim's Story.

I tell you plain, if I don't try
To brace myself right firm I'll cry.
This soft wind and this haze and sun,
And the gold and red that melt and run
And splash the hills; and she not here
To say things about the dying year!
Didn't I tell you? Oh, I see,
They called her Dora, all but me;
For she was a delicate lady born,
And I, well, I was huskin corn;
So I called her Miss. She was stayin here
For the country air the heft of the year.
Sometimes she'd sit out under a tree
And watch the hired man work, that's me:
But she got so frail-like along in the fall
That she didn't weigh nothing, wraps and all;
And the women folks got me to lend a hand
Moving her out in the sun to be tanned.

That's what they said, but she didn't seem
To care about jokin; just wanted to dream
And look at the foliage, gold and red,
On the hills, and talk about bein dead!
Cheerful? Well, no; not exactly that,
But I used to potter around where she sat,
Just watchin her, sort of, under the rim
Of my hat, an wishin she'd call me Jim!
Ever have that feelin? Well, I never cared
For a girl that was well, but if I dared
I'd a-told her how it made me thrill
When I stole a look at her, sittin so still
And holding the red leaves in her hands,
Quotin some song about lotus lands,
Some place where it's always afternoon,
In a voice that was soft and sweet as a tune,
And so I just listened from under the rim
Of my hat, sort o' wishin she'd call me Jim!

* * * * * * *

That kind of girls ain't for such as me,
Nor fer nobody else's fer's I can see;
For they jist creep into a hired man's heart
When the leaves turn red and the brown burrs part;
And then when it snows and the skies are lead
And it's still in the house, you know who's dead!
I've no right to murmur, but somehow yet,
Try as hard as I may, I can never forget
How I thrilled when her white hand touched my arm;
And now, when the trees are red on the farm,
Sometimes I listen from under the rim
Of my hat, sort of wishin she'd call me Jim!

—H. S. Tomer.

OLD HARVARD UNIVERSITY.

OPENED IN THE YEAR 1638.

Harvard University is the oldest institution of learning on this continent. It was opened in 1638, and in 1650 its charter was granted. The medical school was established in 1782, and has given to the people of the United States during the past 110 years a class phsicians that any land might be proud of.

It will interest Canadians to know, that one of our most valuable and noted cough remedies emanated from this grand old university. It was the result of long study and deep thought. It was given to the world with a confidence that warranted the best results; and for years it has been the favorite and popular remedy with the best class of Americans.

Harvard Bronchial Syrup since its introduction in Canada has taken the place of nearly all the old and antiquated preparations. Its work is instantaneous, marvellous and unfailing, and has cured thousands of serious and obstinate cases that had resisted the efforts of other remedies.

Doctors and druggists highly recommend its use for sore throat, hacking cough, croup, tickling sensations in the bronchial tubes and enlargement of the tonsils. It instantly allays inflammation, and quickly heals any soreness in the deceased organs of the throat. It is absolutely safe for any age or condition of life, and never produces stomach sickness or constipation, as many of the remedies of the present day do. We urge upon every reader who has a cough or cold, the necessity of procuring a bottle at once.

Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Prizes Won in Victoria B. C.

At the last Literary Competition, held by the "Ladies Pictorial," of Toronto, Mrs. Vantreight of Gordon Head, was awarded a handsome prize, a silver fruit dish. A prize was also won by her 11-year old son, probably the youngest of such successful competitors.

A large assortment of lace and art curtains, art muslins, cretonnes, etc., at Weller Bros.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF MILK

Why pay such extravagant prices for Milk and Cream, when by diluting HIGHLAND BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM you can obtain a much more delicious article for use on on the table or in the kitchen for less money. It has no equal as an INFANTS' FOOD. Ask your grocer for it.

To Investors, Settlers, and Speculators:

To such we confidently commend the following properties, most of which, beyond all doubt, will prove splendid investments, sure to treble their present value in the very near future.

18.—100 acres, Shawnigan Lake, a bargain, $650.
19.—100 acres, West Saanich road, seven miles from city, cheap.
20.—150 acres West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, 50 acres under crop. A snap at the price asked.
21.—250 acres, West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, cleared.
22.—142 acres, West Saanich road, half mile water front, splendid fishing, shooting and hunting.
23.—130 acres, West Saanich road, good house, etc., 20 acres cleared; would lease.
24.—70 acres, East Saanich road.
25.—100 acres, East Saanich road.
26.—50 acres, East Saanich road, good land, partly cleared and fenced, with cottage and fruit trees.
27.—Four farms at Cobble Hill.
28.—One farm close to Langford Station.
29.—60 acres in five and ten acre blocks, close to city limits, $400 and $500 per acre.
30.—Three fine building lots, Grant street, Fernwood, only $1900, easy terms.
31.—Three fine building lots, Fowl Bay road, one minute from Cadboro and Oak Bay cars, $1400.
32.—30 acres, Sec. 15, R. 6 E. Seven acres cleared. $75 per acre.
33.—162 acres, W portions of Secs. 72, 73, 74; Prospect Lake, mixed land, $25 per acre, easy terms

SNAPS:

34.—For rent or sale, superior built 5-roomed cottage, woodshed, etc. Lot 60x120. Splendid location for chicken raising.
35.—Rent and sale, 4-roomed cottage, close to car; woodshed, etc. Price $1150; cash $150, balance $50 quarterly, at 7 per cent.
36.—Splendid business opening (hotel) for party with $6000 cash.
37.—Splendid business opening (grocery) for party with $4000 cash.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

AT THE REGULAR MEETING of this Society to be held at the Society Hall on Wednesday, 6th April next, at 8 p.m. a motion will be made to amend article No. 3 of the constitution, in addition to regular business. A full attendance of members is requested.

By order
THOS. FLEWIN, President.
Victoria, March 12th, 1892. mar14-td

B.C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Society will be held at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, on Friday, 1st April next, at 8 p.m. Special business of great importance will be considered in addition to election of officers. A full attendance of members is requested.

By order,
GEORGE FAIRBROTHER, President.
Victoria, March 12th, 1892. mh14-td

FOR SALE
ON THE FRASER RIVER,
160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to D. W. SUTHERLAND, Mt. Lehman, B.C.
1y13-tf

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass, which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-tf

C. F. MACKENZIE
CARPENTER & BUILDER

Workshop, 67 Douglas St.

Stores and offices fitted up. House repairs promptly atte ded to. j5-3m

CHICKEN FENCING.

WOVEN LATH AND WIRE.

Four feet high and only 18 cents per yard.

McLENNAN & McFEELY,

Corner Government and Johnson Sts. mh9-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

EXHIBITION AND DANCE

BY THE

Victoria Athletic Club

For the benefit of their Band Fund

FRIDAY, MARCH 25th, '92

IN ASSEMBLY ROOMS, FORT ST.

The Exhibition will consist of athletic, acrobatic and gymnastic performances; to conclude with a dance and supper. A first-class orchestra has been secured for the occasion.

Admission to Exhibition, 50c; to Exhibition, Dance and Supper, $1.00. Doors open at 7:30, performance at 8 sharp. mh18-td

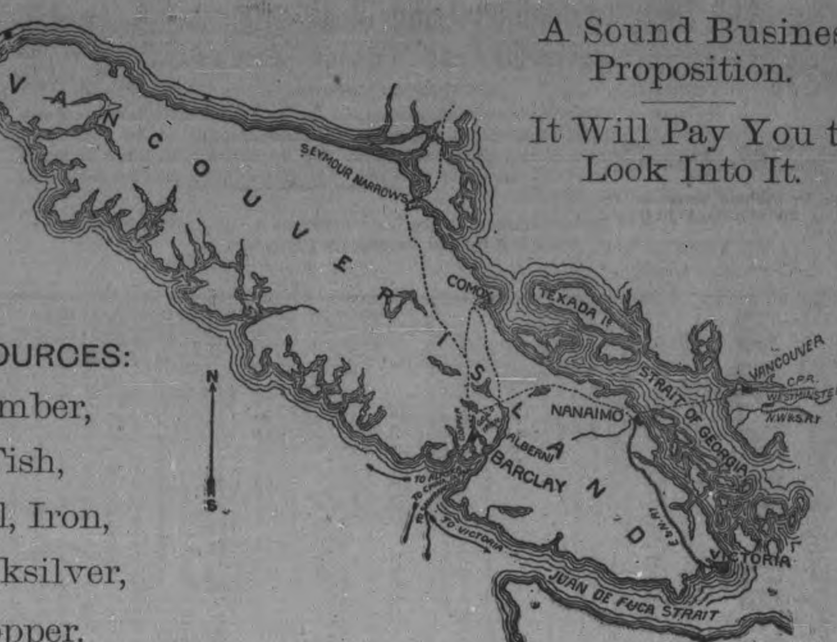
SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY
Anniversary Social and Dance

To be held in Harmony Hall,

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30th.

Tickets admitting gentleman and lady, $1.50. mh21-td

BARCLAY, B.C.



A Sound Business Proposition.

It Will Pay You to Look Into It.

RESOURCES:
Timber,
Fish,
Coal, Iron,
Quicksilver,
Copper.

REGULATIONS

Concerning Sale and Purchase of Lots in Barclay

There shall be 1,500 lots, and no more, placed upon the market, in the original townsite.

The price of the first 25 lots as surveyed, and without improvements, shall be $25 each.

The purchase money shall be used as follows, and in the order herein written:

5 per cent. shall be paid as commission to the broker effecting the sale.
20 per cent. shall be deposited in the permanent improvement fund.
15 per cent. shall be deposited in the advertising fund.
10 per cent. shall be deposited in the building fund.

The next twenty-five lots having received the benefit of the 45 per cent. deducted from the price of the lots already sold, shall be increased in price $10 each, that is to say, $35 per lot, and each successive twenty-five lots shall be increased $10, till the whole 1,500 lots be sold, at which time there will be expended in permanent improvement fund, $96,000; in advertising, $72,000.

No purchaser may purchase more than two lots from any twenty-five, but will have to pay the $10 advance on each two additional lots purchased.

While no lots can be sold below this schedule, the Company reserves the right to donate any number of lots, water or otherwise, to industries employing labor, making the consideration in each case a bond for the employment of a certain amount of white labor, such lots of land to be granted from the lots and land on the map, marked reserved.

ITS GEOGRAPHICAL SITUATION:

At the head of Barclay Sound proper, and at the mouth of the Alberni Canal, easy of access at any time, to craft of any size or style, yet fully sheltered from any and every wind, lies the most perfect harbor on the Pacific coast, three miles long by three-fourths of a mile in width. The rugged hills, that at the entrance and on the North side plunge into the water almost in the form of cliffs, on the South side and a mile into the harbor, swing away from the water, leaving a beautiful low shore, sufficiently sloping for drainage, and extending back to the hills which lie three-fourths of a mile or more from the water front. The Barclay Sound Land and Improvement Company has acquired this as the most suitable locality on the West Coast of Vancouver Island for a townsite.

GENERAL AGENTS { CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS, PAGE & McGREGOR, YOUNG, BARTLETT & CO.

THE BARCLAY SOUND LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.

VICTORIA, B. C.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early the present year, has already become a favorite fuel domestic purposes. It is a clean hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage loaded at all stages of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

NEW WELLINGTON
COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard.
Charles Rattray, at Janion's Wharf
Rock Bay Coal Yard
Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtain from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

dec30

MUNICIPAL.
Dog Tax for Year 1892

THE OWNERS OF ALL DOGS within the limits of the city of Victoria are requested to call at my office and pay the Tax on same.

Dogs for which the Tax has not been paid, on and after this date will be impounded according to the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector.

City Treasurer and Collector's office, City Hall, Victoria, B.C., March 8th, 1892.

MUNICIPAL.
United States Silver Coin

ON AND AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF March next, the Treasurer and collectors of the Corporation of the City of Victoria will receive United States silver coin only at a discount of five per cent.

CHAS. KENT,
Treasurer.

fe26

BANKERS' NOTICE.

UNITED STATES SILVER COIN

FROM AND AFTER 1st MARCH PROX., the following banks will only receive United States silver coin at a discount of Five per cent.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
WM. C. WARD, Manager.
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
G. H. BURNS, Manager.
BANK OF MONTREAL,
A. J. GALLETLY, Manager.
GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
FRED. T. WORLOCK, agent.

Victoria, B.C., 25th Feb. 1892. -1m

SEEDS THAT WILL GROW

My Price List of Seeds, Plants and Requisites, for 1892, is now ready. If you have not received one, send post card with your address and you will receive one by next mail. My seeds are all tested before being sent out.

PLANTS, SHRUBS, TREES

—AND—

Everything Required in the Garden or Greenhouse

G. A. McTAVISH,

Seedsman, Florist and Nurseryman, 9 Par Road, Victoria.

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. ss15

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

INVESTMENTS

$350—One improved lot on Oak Bay avenue on easy terms.
$425—Three lots on Chestnut street, close to the car line.
$500—Two lots on Grant street, West Fernwood.
$600—One lot on Fernwood road, on easy terms.
$600—One lot on King's road, 135 feet frontage.
$800—One lot on Market street, close to corner of Market and Fort.
$1250—One lot in Michigan street, James Bay.
$3600—Large 10-roomed residence on Oak Bay avenue.
$2250—Six-roomed house on Cormorant street.
$200—An acre, for good land, in blocks of one, five and ten acres, within easy distance of town.
$700—One lot on Fourth street, Work Estate.
$2000—An acre, for one, two or three acres, situate on St. Charles street.
$1350—An acre, for one or two acres, situate between Oak Bay and Cowan avenues. Suitable for subdivision.
$315—One choice lot on Boleskine road, Cloverdale, within five minutes' walk of the car line.
$1150—A small 4-roomed cottage on Fort street, on easy terms of payment.
$300—One large lot on Hurlien street, close to car line.

BARCLAY LOTS

Are to-day selling at $95 for inside lots and $105 for corners. Terms ¼ cash, balance in three and six months.

We have houses for sale in all sections of the city.

TO LET.

A 6-roomed house on Randall street.....$18 00
Two 5-roomed houses on Centre road.....12 00
Two 5-roomed houses on South road.....12 00
Two 7-roomed houses on Oak Bay avenue.....17 50
One bakery on Spring Ridge.....7 00
Also a corner store, Fernwood road.....12 00

TO BREWERS:

We have a brewery and residence to lease for a term of years, at a low rental and centrally located.

PAGE & MacGREGOR
18—Trounce Avenue—18
NOTARIES PUBLIC. CONVEYANCERS.

CROFTER COLONIZATION.

Bills Submitted to the Legislature Dealing With an Important Question.

Acceptance of the Imperial Loan and a Contract With the Company Proposed.

Yesterday two bills were transmitted to the House by message from the Lieutenant-Governor, dealing with the crofter colonization scheme. The first of these, entitled the "Colonization Act, 1892," authorizes the acceptance of the proffered loan of £150,000 from the Imperial Government. Its provisions are:

1. It shall be lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council to make such arrangements with Her Majesty's Government as may be deemed advisable for bringing families of colonists from the United Kingdom to British Columbia, not to exceed 1250 families, and for the settling of such colonists upon lands of the Province, subject always to a condition for termination at any time, should it appear to Her Majesty's Government or to the Government of British Columbia that the measure of success attending the scheme has not been adequate, and that it is therefore desirable to abandon the further carrying out of the same.

2. It shall be lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council to accept from Her Majesty's Government a loan of £150,000 in three instalments, each of £50,000, the first instalment being payable upon the concluding of the terms of the said agreement; the second instalment to be payable when the first instalment has been expended in settling such number of families as it will provide for, and the third instalment to be advanced when the second instalment has been so expended.

3. It shall be lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council to pledge the credit of the Province by issuing debentures, or in such other manner as may be agreed between the contracting parties, and to provide by Order in Council for the repayment of the sums to be advanced under the authority of this Act, together with interest at the rate of three per cent per annum. Provided that the time for the repayment of each instalment of the loan shall commence at the termination of five years from the date of the advance, and that the interest accruing during such five years shall be added in each year to the principal of the loan, which, with the interest so accruing during the said period of five years, shall be repayable by equal instalments extending over a period of 25 years from the date at which in each case repayment begins; and it shall further be lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council to provide for the repayment to Her Majesty's Government of any unexpended balance in the hands of the Province of British Columbia, should it at any time be decided to be desirable to abandon the further carrying out of the scheme of settlement, together with accrued interest at the rate of three per cent per annum upon any such unexpended balance.

4. That it shall be lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council to enter into such arrangements as to make such engagements with Her Majesty's Government for the purpose of carrying out the scheme and object of this Act as may from time to time be determined by Order in Council; and it shall also be lawful for the Lieutenant Governor in Council from time to time hereafter to make and pass all such Orders in Council and regulations as may be deemed to be necessary for the carrying into effect of the provisions of this act, and of any agreement to be made hereunder.

THE COMPANY ARRANGEMENT.

The second bill is styled the "Deep Sea Fisheries Act," and supplements the previous bill by authorizing the conclusion of an agreement with the company promoted by Col. Engledue and Major Clark, with the object of employing the crofters in the development of the deep sea fisheries of the province. The provisions are as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to enter into an agreement with the "Vancouver Island Development Syndicate, Limited," under which the said syndicate shall undertake the formation of a company of such character and with such corporate objects as are requisite in a company which would completely carry out the purposes and attain the end of this act, in consideration of which undertaking the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may engage to enter into an agreement with such company when formed, for the carrying out of the provisions and intent of this act.

2. Upon the formation under the "Companies Act, 1862," and amending acts, of a company in England with a capital of not less than one million pounds sterling (hereinafter called "the company"), whose corporate objects shall include co-operation with the Government of this Province in settling the colonists upon the coasts of this Province, furnishing suitable employment for such colonists, providing them with boats, tackle, and appliances for fishing purposes, and providing facilities for the marketing of the product of the labors of the colonists, and for the adoption of such measures as will further the development of the deep sea fisheries of British Columbia and the establishment of contingent industries therein, and subject to the company depositing to the credit of the Government of British Columbia the sum of one hundred thousand dollars in the Bank of British Columbia, or in some other chartered bank in the Province to be named by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council for the bringing of colonists to the Province and settling them on the sea coasts and islands thereof, suitably to the provisions of the "Colonization Act, 1892," and for enabling the colonists to commence and prosecute fishing industries in the Province, the establishing of trading stations and settlements, and the general well being of the Colonists, it shall be lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council to enter into an agreement with the company to carry into effect the purposes for which such guarantee shall be given, and for the permanent establishment of fishing and other industries in the Province, and for the grant to the company of public lands, not exceeding five hundred thousand acres, to be granted to the company from time to time upon such terms and conditions as will secure the appropriation thereout of suitable locations for the Colonists and the carrying out of this Act.

3. So soon as the Company shall satisfy the Lieut.-Governor in Council that they have expended in the Province a sum of not less than one hundred thousand dollars in permanent improvements, and in buildings, machinery, plant, and other things needful for enabling Colonists to commence and prosecute fishing industries in the Province, and upon the Company furnishing to the satisfaction of the Lieut.-Governor in Council such other security as may be provided by an agreement to be made under sections 1 and 2 of this Act for the further carrying out of the terms of any such agreement, then the said deposit of one hundred thousand dollars, with any accrued interest thereon, shall be forthwith refunded to the Company.

The succeeding sections provide that the Government may grant to the company, on the conditions specified, 500,000 acres of the public lands, to be selected from those described in the schedule attached to the bill. Authority is given to the Government to reserve these lands until the company's selection has been made. The surveys are to be made at the expense of the company, subjected to the approval of the Chief Commissioner, and are to be completed within three years from the date of formation of the company, which is to be not later than the last day of this year. The selections must be made within six months after survey.

Section 10 reads: The lands to be granted to the company shall not be subject to taxation until the expiration of 10 years from the date of their selection by the company, or until alienated, which ever event may soonest happen; and the personal property of the company shall not be subject to taxation for the period of two years from the date of the formation of the company.

THE RESERVED LANDS.

The lands set forth in the schedule, from which the company will have power to select, are as follows:

Port San Juan—The area within the limits marked on Government plan as far east as the eastern boundary line of sections 4, 9 and 16, in township 10, bounded on the south by the northern limit of township 12, and on the north-west and south-west by the red line limit of Government plan.

The area on Admiralty chart within latitude 48 deg. 35 min. and west longitude 124 deg. 24 min. from the westerly limits of Government plan, including coast line between these parallels.

Barclay Sound and Clayoquot Sound—The area embracing the Cape Beale Peninsula, from Patchena Bay to the existing Bamfield Creek allotments.

The lands situated between latitude 48 deg. 51 min. 20. sec. and latitude 48 deg. 54 min., 30 sec. bounded on the east by longitude 124 deg. 55 min., and bounded on the west by the seaboard.

The lands within the triangle on the east side of Alberni Canal, between latitude 49 deg. 4 min. 30 sec. and the boundary line of the land grant of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway company.

Copper Island, Robber Island, and the Deer Islands Group.

Village Island, with Gibraltar, Nettle, and Puzzle Island Group.

Valley at the head of Uchucklesit Harbor, four miles long by two miles wide, and running in a northwesterly direction.

The lands embraced in the coast line from the entrance to Pipestem Inlet to a point in Tofino Inlet on latitude 49 deg. 6 min 40 sec. and longitude 125 deg. 44 min. 20 sec., thence by a straight line to a point on latitude 48 deg. 56 min. 30 sec. and longitude 125 deg. 30 min., thence following the foothills in a northeasterly direction to the point of commencement.

Vargas Island.

Flores Island.

Esperanza Inlet and Nootka Sound—The land south of latitude 49 deg. 30 min., and lying between the sea coast and Sydney Inlet, including Hesquiat Harbor.

The land on Machalat Arm extending one mile on each side of Gold river and six miles upwards from its mouth.

The promontory comprising Port Langford as far east as a line drawn through on 126 deg. 53 min. west longitude.

The land lying between Port Eliza and round the coast to the head of Deep Inlet, including Catala Island.

Quatsino to Esperanza, including Kyuoquot Sound—The land on river at head of Tahshish Arm, one mile on each side and extending ten miles inland from its mouth.

Union Island and Table Island.

A strip of coast line one mile wide, commencing with Bunsby Islands around the shores of Os Os Kinch and Nasparte Inlets south-westwards to a point near Bankes Reef.

Goletas Channel to Quatsino Sound—The unallotted portions of townships 30 and 39, and west half of 28; townships 41, 42, 43, 44, 35, 34, 23, and 22, with the Cox, Lanz, Galiano, Balaclava Hirst, and Gordon Group of Islands.

Johnstone and Broughton straits.—Malcolm Island.

The lands on the mainland of Vancouver Island from and including Beaver Cove, two miles back from seaboard, and northwest to head of Hardy Bay.

Cape Caution to Port Simpson.—Gribbel Island, and the peninsula formed by drawing a line from Fishermen's Cove to the head of Triumph Bay.

The portion of the Tsimpsean Peninsula lying between the Indian Reserve on the west and the shore of Work Channel on the east, and between latitude 54 deg. 25 min. and latitude 54 deg. 30 min.

Middle and South Dundas Islands.

Queen Charlotte Islands.—The portion of Graham Island between Masset Inlet and the west coast, lying north of latitude 53 deg. 40 min. and between west logitude 132 deg. 15 min. and the east coast of Graham Island, bounded on the north by latitude 53 deg. 40 min. The portion of Moresby Island, and its adjacent islands as far south as latitude 52 deg. 39 min., including Lyall Island and the southern extremity of Moresby Island as far north as latitude 52 deg. 17 min.

The New Germania.

The new Germania, in the basement corner Government and Johnson Sts., has free lunch, imported and domestic cigars. Come and try them.

Cambridge sausages, beef sausages, pork pies, boiled corn beef and ham, at Whitelaw & Co.'s, 125 Fort street.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists.

Several new patterns of room mouldings just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 53 Fort street.

The Ball Family will sing at the Gorge road Methodist church Wednesday evening, March 23rd, at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

British Columbia Business College, 43 Government street. Business penmanship, book-keeping, arithmetic, typewriting. Latest and best methods. Class for ladies. Call and see specimens. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A well selected stock of clothing and gents furnishings, also lease of first class premises, could be bought at easy terms. Apply P. O. box 519, city.

Men Wanted.

One hundred men are wanted to clear and grade streets at Barclay. Apply at No. 9 Trounce Avenue.

DIED.

MULLINS—On the 22nd inst, suddenly of heart disease, Ellen Mullins, a native of Ireland, aged 84 years.

The funeral will take place to morrow (Wednesday) at 8:30 a.m., from the family residence No. 7, Centre road and at St. Andrew's procathedral at 9 o'clock.

ALEXANDER—On the 21st inst., at Oak Bank Farm, Quamichan, Mr. David Alexander aged 74 years, a native of Forfarshire, Scotland, one of the first settlers in Cowichan District, and highly respected by all.

The funeral will take place on Thursday the 24th inst., at 11 a.m.

NEW ADVERTISE MENTS.

TRAM STOCK FOR SALE.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 6 p.m., Saturday April 9th, 1892, for the purchase of two hundred and sixty shares in the National Electric Tramway Co., Victoria. Tenders for the whole or in blocks as per certificate of 100 shares, 65 shares, 55 shares, 40 shares.

THOMAS HOOPER,
Over Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria. m22-td

TENDERS

FOR IMPROVING THE STEAM heating apparatus and ventilation of the Central School, Victoria, will be received until Monday, the 4th April next at 4 p.m.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WANTED—TENDERS

For Fire Ladder and Standing Pipe

On building 28 and 28½ Broad street.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

mh22-1w R. T. WILLIAMS.

MUNICIPAL.

ENGINEER CITY ELECTRIC LICHT WORKS

APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned until Tuesday, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., for the position of Engineer of the City Electric Light Works. Salary $90 per month.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, March 22nd, 1892.

LOOK HERE, YOUNG MAN!

When you take out those spring suits of last year, and notice that

THEY ARE GETTING SHABBY!

Your best plan is to visit

CAMERON
THE CASH CLOTHIER.

CAPT. WILLIAM MOORE

MESSRS. LANGLEY & Co.
DEAR SIRS:—

I have great pleasure in giving you this testimonial for your Balsam of Aniseed, having used it for many years in my family, for coughs, colds, bronchitis. One or two bottles generally effecting a cure in bronchitis.

Yours truly,
WM. MOORE.
Victoria, Feb. 23rd, 1892.
fe17

STANLEY HOUSE
FAMILY DRY GOODS.
Corner of Broad and Yates Streets.

We have a very large assortment of

TOWELS, in Turkish, Linen, etc.
QUILTS, 10-4 to 13-4, Marsailles and Honeycomb.
TABLINGS, Bleached, Unbleached and Fancy.
SHEETINGS, 7 to 10-4, in all qualities.
Etc., Etc., Etc.

All at our usual low cash prices. Don't pass the SMALL STORE, BUT come in and inspect our VERY LARGE STOCK of Dress Goods and General Dry Goods.

Bretagne Lacing, and Fernand Josephine Seamless, KID GLOVES now in stock, and REDUCED TO $1.25 a pair. The cheapest gloves in the Province.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

FOR SALE:

AN IMPROVED FARM NEAR McPHERSON'S STATION, Shawnigan District, 160 acres good bottom land on the banks of the Koksilah River; eight acres cleared; 1½-story house and four outbuildings; good road to the property. Price $1600, easy terms.

ALBERNI DISTRICT TWO HUNDRED ACRES, good level agricultural land, 3½ miles from Alberni Townsite, with main road running through the property. $2000; very easy terms.

HASTINGS TOWNSITE SEVEN LOTS in Block 60, at $100 each. Terms to suit.

VANCOUVER FOUR LOTS in 264a, at $150 each. Terms to suit.

VICTORIA BUSINESS PROPERTY on the leading streets; Residential lots; Houses and Acreage. Fine Business Corner on Fort steet, only $6500. On Douglas street, $5250.

A. W. MORE & CO.
OFFICE: TURNER BUILDING, 70 DOUGLAS STREET.

THE BEST INVESTMENT IN VICTORIA TO-DAY.
Nice Location.
Easy Terms.

Full particulars on application to
HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 GOVERNMENT ST.

CLEARANCE SALE
NOW GOING ON OF
Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Suits
AT SAMUEL REID'S, 122 GOVERNMENT ST.

To insure a speedy clearance, to make room for new goods, we are offering, for cash,

CHILDREN'S
$4.00 Suits for.....$3.00
$4.50 Suits for.....$3.50
$5.00 Suits for.....$3.75
$5.50 Suits for.....$4.15
$6.50 Suits for.....$5.00
$7.00 Suits for.....$5.25
$8.00 Suits for.....$6.00

BOYS'
$7.00 Suits for.....$5.25
$7.50 Suits for.....$5.65
$8.00 Suits for.....$6.00
$8.50 Suits for.....$6.40
$9.00 Suits for.....$6.75
$10.00 Suits for.....$7.50
$11.00 Suits for.....$8.25

YOUTHS'
$7.00 Suits for.....$5.25
$8.00 Suits for.....$6.00
$9.00 Suits for.....$6.75
$9.50 Suits for.....$7.15
$10.00 Suits for.....$7.50
$11.00 Suits for.....$8.25
$12.00 Suits for.....$9.00
$12.50 Suits for.....$9.25

MEN'S
$10.00 Suits for.....$7.50
$13.00 Suits for.....$9.50
$14.00 Suits for.....$10.50
$15.00 Suits for.....$11.00
$16.00 Suits for.....$12.00
$18.00 Suits for.....$13.50
$18.50 Suits for.....$14.00
$20.00 Suits for.....$15.00

Sale will continue until the end of the present month. Store will remain open until ten o'clock each evening.

SAMUEL REID,
122 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
mh17-2w

WE'VE TOLD YOU BEFORE
THAT
ERSKINE
(No. 132 Government street)
SELLS THE FINEST
SHOES
IN THE PROVINCE.
GO AND FIND OUT FOR YOURSELF.